



ACADEMIC GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN

CIVIL ENGINEERING

STUDY PROGRAMME AND CURRICULUM

ACADEMIC GRADUATE PROGRAMME IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

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1. INTRODUCTION

During the implementation of the Bologna process the Faculty of Civil Engineering of the University of Rijeka plans to reform the current study programmes (academic, vocational and postgraduate programmes) in line with the principles of the Bologna Declaration, namely in accordance with the propositions of the European Credit Transfer System (ECTS). This will be performed in order to promote student mobility in the Integrated European Higher Education Area.

The Faculty of Civil Engineering of the University of Rijeka organized and started carrying out civil engineering studies as an independent institution in 1976. During a thirty-year activity a total of **1120 Diploma Engineers** graduated from the Academic Programme, and **1360 Engineers** from the Vocational Programme.

In structuring the new study programmes, the Faculty has followed its experience in educating civil engineering personnel. For the purpose of integrating Croatia into the European Higher Education and Labour Area, the needs of the labour market have been considered, and the demands that will be set on prospective students, the Faculty, its staff and specialists in civil engineering, have been assessed. Consideration has been given to the fact that the Faculty of Civil Engineering in Rijeka is the only higher education institution in the greater area (the Primorskogoranska County, the Istrian County, and the Lika-Senj County) that educates civil engineering professionals.

Due to the present-day intense activity in planning, designing and constructing the infrastructure (transportation systems, housing development, water supply systems, etc.) there is a great need for highly educated professionals in civil engineering.

It is safe to say that the trend toward an intense infrastructure construction will also continue in the years to come (during the process of approach and admission of Croatia to the European Union). In the longer term, the need to plan and design new civil engineering structures will be transformed into the need to manage, maintain and reconstruct the infrastructure systems. Therefore, part of the curriculum has also been adapted to meet this demand. In the course of structuring the study programmes, the Faculty cooperated closely with the related Faculties of Civil Engineering in Croatia. The study programme at the undergraduate level was brought into tune, in a part of the core curriculum, with the identical programmes of the other Faculties of Civil Engineering in Croatia in order to enable student mobility, primarily, at the national level.

In the course of structuring the undergraduate and graduate programmes, the programmes of respectable foreign institutions that educate professionals of the same profile (the University of Engineering of Prague, the University of Engineering of Munich: Technische Universität München-Studienplan für Studierende des Bauingenieurwesens, Eigenossiche Technische Hochschule Zürich-ETH-Abteilung für Bauingenieurwesen in Zürich), were analysed and the recommendations of the association of European Faculties of Civil Engineering (European Civil Engineering Education and Training – EUCEET) were accepted. This was performed through coordination inside the TEMPUS Project «Restructuring and Updating of Civil Engineering Curriculum» (in which the 4 Faculties of Civil Engineering from Croatia, along with international experts and scientists, were, and still are, cooperating).

The **Faculty teachers** were actively included in structuring the study programmes, and the **students** were consulted, too. The structure of the study programme was accepted at the Board of the Faculty of Civil Engineering.

The scheme adopted according to education cycles is «3+2+3», namely:

- Three-year Undergraduate Programme
- Two-year Graduate Programme
- Three-year Postgraduate Programme.

The *graduate programmes* are based on all the facts mentioned above. They are organised through the modules of the particular civil engineering branches. As compared to the current branch programmes in the final year of study *(Hydraulic, Construction and Transportation Engineering)*, new scientific and practical knowledge has been applied in a particular academic branch programme by introducing new courses and modifying the curricula of the current courses.

Special consideration has been given to the fact that a certain number of Diploma Engineers and even Engineers in Civil Engineering find employment with, and perform a wide variety of jobs, for local self-government units in all three counties covered by the Faculty. Therefore, a new branch of **Urban Engineering** has been included in the programmes. It will train students for the jobs of planning, managing and maintaining the infrastructure systems. Due

to the needs and demands noticed in the labour market and science, modules from the branches of **Geotechnical Engineering and Engineering Modelling** have been included, too.

The programmes offer the possibility of combining the modules from two different branches of civil engineering, thus enabling students' flexibility in creating their own study programmes and choosing from a large number of optional courses.

2. GENERAL INFORMATION

2.1. PROGRAMME NAME

The name of the programme is **Academic Graduate Programme in Civil Engineering**.

2.2. PARTY MANAGING AND CARRYING OUT STUDY PROGRAMMES

The party managing and carrying out all the proposed programmes will be the Faculty of Civil Engineering of the University of Rijeka with its basic organisation units: the Sections for Mathematics, Geotechnical Engineering, Hydraulic Engineering, Structures, Modelling Structures and Materials, Construction Engineering, Construction Management, Transportation Engineering, Engineering Mechanics, Physics and other courses.

2.3. PROGRAMME DURATION

The duration of the Academic Graduate Programme is two (2) academic years and the student obtains a minimum of 120 ECTS credits.

2.4. PROGRAMME ENTRANCE REQUIREMENTS

The citizens of the Republic of Croatia, foreign citizens and persons without citizenship have the right to apply for enrolment under the same conditions.

A Graduate Study Programme can be enrolled by a candidate who has completed an Academic Undergraduate Programme at the Faculty of Civil Engineering of the University of Rijeka (with a total of 180 ECTS credits) or has completed an Undergraduate Programme at some of the Faculties of Civil Engineering (with which the Faculty of Civil Engineering in Rijeka has an agreement on student mobility), or at a related Faculty of Engineering (with which the Faculty of Civil Engineering in Rijeka has an agreement on student mobility), at which the candidate has obtained 180 ECTS credits.

2.5. COMPETENCES ACQUIRED BY THE STUDENT WITH COMPLETION OF THE STUDY PROGRAMME

With completion of the *Academic Graduate Programme* the student acquires the basic competences to understand the general phenomena and problems connected with civil engineering and particularly with a specific branch of civil engineering (Geotechnical Engineering, Hydraulic Engineering, Engineering Modelling, Structures, Transportation Engineering and the interdisciplinary area of Urban Engineering). He is able to apply general knowledge, acquire new knowledge and ideas, and draw conclusions based on science and his profession as well as to develop his scientific and applied scientific-research competences.

He is qualified for the design, construction and maintenance of civil engineering structures and systems in terms of bearing capacity, stability, safety, environmental protection and cost.

With completion of the Graduate Programme, the student is specially qualified for understanding and solving problems in a specific branch of Civil Engineering.

During his studies, the student learns how to prepare and formulate complex civil engineering solutions in written and oral form. At the same time, he develops the ability to communicate his own ideas, analyses and conclusions, connected with specific civil engineering problems, to the professional and non-professional public. He is able to manage a group of people preparing and executing complex civil engineering projects.

2.6. ACADEMIC TITLE OR DEGREE ACQUIRED ON COMPLETION OF THE PROGRAMME

According to the proposed study programme, the academic title or degree acquired on completion of the Academic Graduate Programme is Master in Civil Engineering

3. PROGRAMME DESCRIPTION

3.1. LIST OF COMPULSORY AND OPTIONAL COURSES

The Academic Graduate Programme is organised so that students enrol part of the common courses in their I semester, while the optional part of the programme is dependent on the branch programme that he wants to study. The branch programme courses are organised through the modules of the specific branches of civil engineering:

- Geotechnical Engineering
- Hydraulic Engineering
- Engineering Modelling
- Structures
- Transportation Engineering
- The interdisciplinary branch of Urban Engineering

The list of Compulsory and optional courses is arranged according to the above-mentioned structure and branches from which the modules are organised.

3.1.1. List of Compulsory and optional courses in I semester

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
1.	M-550	Probability Theory and Statistics	30+30+0	5,0
2.	MK-300	Numerical Modelling	30+30+0	5,0
3.	MK-301	Theory and Technology of Concrete	30+15+15	5,0
4.	OA-450	Project Management	30+15+15	5,0

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
5.	H-250	Hydraulics (Hydraulic Engineering Module)	30+30+0	5,0
6.	G-203	Engineering Rock Mechanics (Modules of Geotechnical Engineering, Urban Engineering and Transportation Engineering Module)	30+15+15	5,0
7.	P-500	Road Design (Transportation Engineering Module, Urban Engineering Module)	20+20+10	5,0
8.	NK-352	Concrete and Masonry Structures (Modules of Structures and Engineering Modelling of Structures)	45+30+0	6,0
9.	TM-400	Theory of Elasticity (Modules of Structures and Engineering Modelling of Structures)	35+0+10	4,0
10.	G-201	Theoretical Soil Mechanics (Geotechnical Engineering Module, Transportation Engineering Module)	40+10+25	5,0

3.1.2. List of compulsory courses and optional courses in modules

3.1.2.1. List of compulsory and optional courses in modules – Modules from the branch programme of Geotechnical Engineering

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
11.	G-202	Foundation Engineering	30+15+15	6,0
12.	G-204	Soil Dynamics	30+15+15	6,0
13.	G-205	Numerical Modelling in Geotechnical Engineering	15+15+30	6,0
14.	G-209	Geotechnical Structures	30+10+20	6,0
15.	G-210	Underground Structures and Tunnels	30+30+0	6,0
16.	G-211	Slope Stability	30+15+15	6,0

List of optional courses

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
17.	G-200	Environmental Protection	15+0+30	4,0
18.	G-208	Testing and Monitoring in Geotechnical Engineering	30+15+15	4,0
19.	G-214	Reinforcing Soil and Rocks	30+15+15	4,0
20.	G-207	Seepage and Consolidation of Soil	30+15+15	4,0
21.	G-212	Geohazards	15+10+20	4,0
22.	G-213	Geotechnical Engineering in Road	25+5+15	4,0

3.1.2.2. List of compulsory and optional courses -Hydraulic Engineering Module

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
23.	H-251	Water Supply and Drinking Water	30+30+0	6,0
24.	H-252	Drainage and Wastewater Treatment	30+30+0	6,0
25.	H-253	Hydraulic Structures	30+30+0	6,0
26.	H-257	Engineering Hydrology	30+30+0	6,0
27.	H-258	Hydraulic Regulations and Meliorations	30+30+0	6,0
28.	H-259	Coastal Engineering	30+15+15	6,0

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
29.	H-262	Experimental Hydraulics	30+30+0	4,0
30.	H-255	Water Resources Management	30+0+30	4,0
31.	H-256	Karst Hydrosystems	30+0+30	4,0
32.	H-263	Waste Management	30+10+5	4,0
33.	H-260	Hydraulic Modelling	30+30+0	4,0
34.	H-261	Water Power Development	30+30+0	4,0

3.1.2.3. List of compulsory and optional courses – Engineering Modelling Module

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
35.	MK-302	Inverse Modelling in Structural Evaluation	30+0+30	6,0
36.	MK-303	Operational Research and Linear	30+0+30	6,0
37.	MK-308	Structural Modelling	30+0+30	6,0
38.	MK-309	Finite Element Method	30+0+30	6,0
39.	MK-306	Computer Aided Design	30+0+30	4,0
40.	MK-310	Numerical Modelling in Materials	30+0+30	4,0

List of optional courses

		Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
4	1.	MK-313	Computer Modelling of Geometric Surfaces	30+0+30	4,0
4	2.	MK-312	Building Physics	20+0+10	2,0

3.1.2.4. List of compulsory and optional courses – Structures Module

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
43.	NK-351	Steel Structures	45+30+0	6,0
44.	TM-402	Dynamics of Structures	30+15+0	4,0
45.	NK-357	Timber Structures	45+26+4	6,0
46.	NK-353	Prestressed Concrete	30+15+0	4,0
47.	NK-355	Solid Bridges	30+30+0	5,0
48.	NK-354	Introduction to Composite Structures	30+10+5	5,0

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
49.	TM-401	Theory of Plates and Shells	24+0+6	3,0
50.	TM-405	Theory of Plasticity	24+0+6	3,0
51.	TM-404	Variational Methods	24+0+6	3,0
52.	TM-403	Stability of Structures	30+15+0	4,0
53.	NK-352	Special Chapters of Concrete Structures	30+15+0	4,0
54.	OA-463	Design of Buildings	15+30+0	4,0
55.	NK-358	Precast Concrete Structures	30+10+5	4,0
56.	NK-361	Earthquake Engineering	30+15+0	4,0
57.	NK-360	Testing of Structures	30+15+0	4,0
58.	NK-363	Reliabilty of Structures	24+0+6	3,0
59.	NK-359	Special Chapters of Lightweight Structures	30+5+10	4,0
60.	NK-356	Steel Bridges	30+15+0	4,0

3.1.2.5. List of Compulsory and optional courses – Traffic module

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
61.	P-501	Road Intersections and Crossroads	20+15+15	5,0
62.	P-503	Urban Traffic	20+20+10	6,0
63.	P-502	Traffic Engineering	45+0+15	5,0
64.	P-508	Flexible Pavement Structures	30+15+15	6,0
65.	P-509	Rigid Pavement Structures	25+10+5	4,0
66.	P-510	Roadbed design	30+20+10	4,0

List of optional courses

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
67.	P-512	Railway Design	45+15+0	5,0
68.	P-504	Traffic, Space and Environment	30+0+15	3,0
69.	P-505	Traffic Safety	30+15+0	3,0
70.	P-507	Technology of Traffic Building	30+15+0	3,0
71.	OA-462	Traffic Buildings	30+30+0	4,0
72.	P-511	Maintenance and Repair of Roads	30+10+5	3,0
73.	P-513	Airports	20+10+0	3,0
74.	OA-456	Construction Machinery	30+30+0	4,0

3.1.2.6. List of compulsory and optional courses – Urban Engineering Module

List of compulsory courses

	Course code	Compulsory courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
75.	OA-459	Spatial planning	40+10+10	5,0
76.	P-514	Geographic Information Systems in Municipal Infrastructure Planning	30+15+15	6,0
77.	OA-460	Public Buildings and Spaces	30+0+30	6,0
78.	H-254	Urban Water Systems	30+15+15	6,0

	Course code	Optional courses	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
79.	OA-458	Civil Engineering Regulations	30+0+0	4,0
80.	OA-457	Management in Civil Engineering	30+0+15	3,0
81.	OA-455	Investment policies	30+15+0	5,0
82.	OA-461	Building Maintenance	30+15+0	4,0

3.1.2.7. List of courses - IV semester

	Course code	Compulsory course	Hours of active classes (L+E+S)	ECTS
83.		Final year project	30+0+0	30,0

In total, the programme provides 85 courses:

- Compulsory courses: 39

- Optional courses: 46

3.2. COURSE DESCRIPTION

Explanation of ECTS credits, the quality assessment and the courses delivery success are given in chapters 3.2.2. and 3.2.3. for all subjects.

3.2.1. Description of mandatory and optional courses

Course:	PROBABILITY THEORY AND STATISTICS	
Course code: MK-550	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
compulsory	lectures exercises -	<u> </u>
Course objectives	Students will: - become familiar with the concepts such as event probability distribution, mean and variance of a di - learn to use samples to make inferences about the learn to perform statistical tests in order to accept	istribution, ne unknown parameters of a distribution,
Syllabus	Experiments, outcomes, events. Probability of an event. Basic theorems for probability. Conditional probability. Independent events. Factorials, binomial coefficients, permutations and combinations. Random variables, discrete and continuous. Probability distributions. Expectation and variance. Moments. Most important discrete distributions: binomial, geometric and Poisson distributions. Normal distribution. Binomial distribution approximated by normal distribution. Two-dimensional random variables, two-dimensional probability distributions. Marginal distributions of a two-dimensional distribution. Independence of random variables. Functions of random variables. Addition of means and (non)addition of variances. Correlation coefficient. Estimation of parameters. Maximum likelihood method. Confidence intervals. Testing of hypotheses, decisions. Chi-square test. Nonparametric tests. Regression analysis and correlation analysis. Markov processes.	
Student obligations	Attending at lectures and exercises.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Notes taken at the classes. E. Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Wiley, New York, 8th edition, 1999. Recommended: S. Lipschutz, M. Lipson, Probability, Schaum's Series, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2nd edition, 2000. S. Bernstein, R. Bernstein, Elements of Statistics I: Descriptive Statistics and Probability, Schaum's Series, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999. S. Bernstein, R. Bernstein, Elements of Statistics II: Inferential Statistics, Schaum's Series, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1999. R. A. Johnson, G. K. Bhattacharyya, Statistics: Principles and Methods, Wiley, New York, 4th edition, 2001. 	

Course:	NUMERICALAL MODELLING	
Course code: MK-300	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practical engineering problems from the field of the course.	
Syllabus	Introduction. Programming languages in graphic programs. Polynomial interpolation, numerical derivatives and integration. Linear and non-linear equations, systems of equations and solution methods. Introduction in evolutionary algorithms and artificial intelligence.	
Student obligations	Three assignments to be done with software by p program (DesignCAD ili AutoCad).	orof. I.Kožar, program MathCAD and a CAD
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 70% during semester, 30%final exam. Essential: Chapra, S.C., Canale, R.P.: Numerical Methods for Engineers, McGraw Hill, 1988. MathCAD 2001 user manual. Kožar, Ivica: Neke subroutine od značaja za inženjerske programe, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.9, 1984., str.6-10. Kožar, Ivica: Sistemi nelinearnih jednadžbi, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.7, 1983., str.36-39. Recommended: Smith, A., Hinton, E., Lewis, R.W.: Civil Engineering Systems Analysis and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 1983 Kožar, Ivica: Umjetna inteligencija u inženjerskoj praksi, FRaK, No.17, 1986., str.5-8. 	

Course:	THEORY AND TECHNOLOGY OF COM	NCRETE
Course	Pre-requisites: Materials 2	Hours of Active Classes: 60
code: MK-301	Pre-requisites. Waterials 2	lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:
compulsory	lectures exercises seminars	5
Course objectives	To provide fundamental understanding of structuadvancements in concrete mechanics and technic concrete constituent materials and their effect on both	nology. Student should have information of
Syllabus	Introduction to Concrete. The Structure of Concrete Behaviour of Concrete under Various Stress Structure. Concrete. Portland Cement. Aggregates. Admixture at Early Ages. Progress in Concrete Technology. A of Concrete.	ate. Dimensional Stability. Durability. Freshes. Proportioning Concrete Mixtures. Concrete
Student obligations	Participation in all lectures and scheduled group laboratories. Submit a final laboratory reports. Submit and give presentation of the seminar work.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 To% during semester, 30%final exam. Essential: Ukrainczyk V: Beton – struktura, svojstva, tehnologija, Alcor, Zagreb, 1994. Mehta P K., Paulo J M. Monteiro: Concrete, Microstructure, Properties and Materials, 2001, http://www.ce.berkeley.edu/~paulmont/book.pdf Neville A M.: Properties of Concrete, Prentice Hall, 1995., Bjegović D, i dr.: Auditorne vježbe, Praktikum, Aktivna nastava, Građevinski fakultet Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, 1994. Recommended: Illston J M, Domone P L J (ed.): Construction materials – their nature and behaviour, E & FN SPON Chapman & Hall, 1994. Maekawa K, Chaube R P, Kishi T: Modelling of Concrete Performance, Hydration, Microstructure and Mass Transport, Spon Press, 2000. Dewar J: Computer Modelling of Concrete Mixtures, Spon Press, 2000. 	

Course:	PROJECT MANAGEMENT	
Course code: OA-450	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises sem	inars ECTS:

Course objectives	Acquiring basic project management knowledge and skills, especially in construction projects.	
Syllabus	 Fundamental knowledge of project management Basics of project management Management in preliminary phases Management in executional phases Construction project manager Team work Risk management in construction projects Change managemnt Human resources management Quality/costs/time management Management ofinformations and communication in construction projects New trends and the future of project management 	
Student obligations	Attending at lectures and exercises.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: 1. Radujković,M., Pienaru, A., i skupina koautora PM Toolkit, Hrvatska udruga za upravljanje projektima, Zagreb, 2004. 2. Skendrović, V., Upravljanje projektima, Građevinski fakultet Osijek, Osijek, 2002. 	

Course:	HYDRAULICS	
Course code: H-250	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	The main objective of this course is to educate future in open channels, pressure piping systems (piper contaminants in porous media and in coastal seas, in the macroscopic sense, and some examples will	networks) and ground waters, transport of Hydrodynamic processes will be described
	Introduction. Characteristics of fluids. The energy principle. Modelling of hydrodinamic processes. Open channel flow. Non-uniform flow. Unsteady flow. Gradually varied unsteady flow. Rapidly varied unsteady flow. Dam-break problem. Weirs. Stilling basins. Pressure piping systems. Steady flow in pipe networks. Unsteady flow (mass oscillations, surge tank and water hammer). Pums and turbines.	
Syllabus Groundwater modelling. Regional groundwater flow modelling. Wells (steady and test pumping analysis). Transport in porous media. Phenomena to be consider equations. Regional pollutant transports models. Ocean disposal of wastewater. structures.		a. Phenomena to be considered and basic
Student obligations	Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Attendance to laboratory exercises Preparing and delivering of a program from exercises	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 70% during semester, 30%final exam. Essential: Gjetvaj, G.: Eksperimentalna Hidraulika (interna skripta), 2003. Chow, V.T.: Open Channel Hydraulics, Mc Graw-Hill Kogakusha, 1959. Kobus, H: Hydraulic Modelling, German Association for Water Resources and Land Improvement, Verlag PaulParcy, Hamburg, 1980. Chang, H.H.: Fluvial Proces i River Engeneering, Krieger Publishing Company, 1998. Recommended: Novak, P.; Cabelka, J.: Models in Hydraulic Engineering, Physical Principles and Design Applications, Pitman Advanced Publishing Program, Boston, 1981. 	

Course:	ENGINEERING ROCK MECHANICS	
Course code: G-203	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	Introducing the rock mechanics principles in engine rock mass properties and pre-existing boundary con in-situ test to obtain the parameter values. Apply the r (open and underground excavations).	nditions. Select the adequate laboratory and
Syllabus	Rocka mass description and classification Tectonic deformation and weathering of rocks Index and physical propperties of rocks Mechanical properties of rock and rock masses: rock strength and failure criteria; constitutive laws; shear strength of discontinuities Analysis and design in rock mechanics Excavation and stabilization principles Instability machanisms in open and underground excavations Stabilization techniques: rockbolts and cables, shotccrete support Rock properties testing methods and site characterization Stress and stress measurements methods (in situ and induced stress) Rock slope stability, modes of failure, 2D and 3D analysis Applications of rock mechanics to foundation engineering and tunnelling	
Student obligations	Attendance to lectures and exercises (on faculty and on site). Preparing and delivering a program from exercises.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Vrkljan, I., 2001., Inženjerska mehanika stijena (digitalna verzija skripti), Građevinski fakultet u Rijeci Hoek, E.: Rock Engineering, A Course Notes, http://www.rocscience.com Hudson, J.A. and Harrison J.P., 2000., Engineering Rock Mechanics, An introduction to the principles, Pergamon, 444 p. Recommended: Harrison, J.P., Hudson, J.P., 2000., Engineering Rock Mechanics, Illustrative Worked Exsamples, Pergamon, 506 p. Miščević, P., 2004., Uvod u inženjersku mehaniku stijena; Sveučilište u Splitu – Građevinsko arhitektonski fakultet; Split Hudson, J.A., (editor-in-chief), 1993., Comprehensive Rock Engineering, Volume 1,2,3,4 i 5 Bell, F.G., 1995. Engineering Geology. Blackwell Science, Cambridge. 	

Course:	ROAD DESIGN	
Course code: P-503	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 50 lectures: 20 exercises: 20 seminars: 10 ECTS:
optional	lectures exercises seminars	5
Course objectives	With successfully acquired matter, students are expected to have theoretical an practical knowledge required for road designing. They are trained for computer aided road design by itself.	
Syllabus	1. Theory of road design: methodology of road design horizontal and vertical alignment of road; cross sections of road stopping sight distance and passing sight distance methods of surfaces determination and mass haul diagrams alternative solutions and selection of optimal solution 2. Computer aided road design (based on road building standards) – digital terrain models – horizontal and vertical alignment of road designed by computer – elaboration of cross-sections – calculation of volume of road troop.	
Student obligations	attendance to practice class road project made by computer and its presentation accepted project work before the end of term or before specified date	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.	
Literature	Essential: 1. Priručnik za računalni program koji se koristi u nastavi 2. Pravilnik o osnovnim uvjetima kojima javne ceste izvan naselja i njihovi elementi moraju udovoljavati sa stajališta sigurnosti prometa (NN br. 110/2001 g.) Recommended: 1. H. Lorenz, Trassierung und Gestaltung von Strassen und Autobahnen, Bauverlag GMBH, Wiesbaden und Berlin, 1970. g. 2. Geometric Design Guide for Canadian Roads, part 1, 1999.	

Course:	CONCRETE AND MASONRY STRUCTURES		
Course code: NK-352	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 75 lectures: 45 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: ECTS: lectures exercises -		
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of concrete enable the competency in independent designing of concrete structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of concrete structures and structural engineering in general.		
Syllabus	Lectures: Shear and diagonal tension in beams. Serviceability, calculation of deflection. Flexural, thermal and shrinkage cracking. Design of reinforced concrete beams and slabs. Colman Classification and failure modes. Column design, reinforcement details. Foundations and retaining walls. Analysis and design masonry construction at the ultimate limit state, EC6. The masonry structures in the seismic areas. Practices: Auditor demonstration of characteristic systems ascording to the types and building technology.		
Student obligations	Practical elaboration of practices contents: working out of the major project of concrete structure in a space concept (disposition, static structure model, resistance and stability of structure elements and the entire. Working out of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set auditor (40%) and constructive practices (60%). Second signature conditions are a successful programme.		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije, DHGK, Zada. 2. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije – odabrana 3. Tomičić, I.: Priručnik za proračun armiranobet 4. Mosley W.H., Hulse R., Bungey J.H.: Reinford LTD, 1996. 5. Nilson A.H., Winter G.: Design of concrete str 6. Sorić Z.: Zidane konstrukcije I, HSGI, Zagreb,	poglavlja, DHGK, Zagreb, 1990. tonskih konstrukcija, DHGK, Zagreb, 1993. ced concrete Design to Eurocode 2, Macmillan Press uctures, McGrau-Hill, Inc., 1987.	

1. Beckett D., Alexandrou A.: Introduction to Eurocode 2. E&FN SPON, 1997.

Sahnovski, K.V.: Armiranobetonske konstrukcije, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1962.
 Ulicki, I.I.: Armiranobetonske konstrukcije, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1977.
 Park R., Paulay T.: Reinforced Concrete Structures, John Wiley, New York, 1975.

5. Aničić D., Tomažević M.: Konstruiranje i proračun zidanih konstrukcija, Građevinski kalendar 1990. i

Recommended:

1991.

Course:	THEORY OF ELASTIC	CITY			
Course code: TM-400	Pre-requisites:			active Classes:	45 seminars: 10
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of:	seminars	ECTS:		4

Course objectives	Fundamentals of continuum mechanics, theory of elasticity, solution of boundary problemes in the framework of the elasticity theory, nonlinear theories: visco-elasticity, plasticity and damage mechanics.	
Syllabus	Introduction Stress at a point Strain at a point Stress-strain relations - linear elasticity Basic equations of elasticity for solids Visco-elasticity Plasticity Damage mechanics Applications to simple problems	
Student obligations	Attenance of lectures Seminar work - condition for the attendance of the exam Exam	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.	
Literature	Essential: 1. Valliappan, S. Continuum mechanics - fundamentals, 2. Scool of Civil Engineering, The University of New South Wales 3. Ed. A.A.Balkema, Rotterdam, 1981. Recommended: 1. Timoshenko, S. and Goodier, N. Theory of elasticity, McGraw-Hill, 1970.	

Course:	THEORETICAL SOIL MECHANICS		
Course code: G-201	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 75 lectures: 40 exercises: 10 seminars: 25	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures excercises seminars	ECTS : 5	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basis knowledge and understending of the nonlinear continuum mechanics. Describe a critical state concept in mechanical behaviour of real soils. Explane theoretical behaviour for different models of soils. Provide students learning experience in acceptance of theoretical models in practical aspects of soil behaviour.		
Syllabus	Critical state concept and mechanical behaviour of soils Non-linear mechanics of continuum and constitutive laws Multiphase continuum Elasticity and elastoplasticity Yield surface and plastic potentional, isotropic strengening models Complex soil models: Duncan's and Chang's model, Cam-Clay, variations, multisurface yieldening models, kinematic strengening models Ideal plasticity and limit analysis Practical problems		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Atkinson, J.H., Bransby, P.L.: The Mechanics of Soil - An Introduction to Critical State Soil Mechanics, McGraw-Hill Book Company (UK) Limited, London, 1978, p. 376. ISSMFE: Constitutive Laws of Soils, Report of ISSMFE Subcommittee on Constitutive Laws of Soils and Proceedings of Discussion Session 1A, ed.: S. Murayama, XI International Conference on Soil Mechanics and Fundation Engineering, San Francisco, Japanese Society od Soil Mechanics and Fundation Engineering, Tokyo, 1985, p. 175. Recommended: Schofield, A.N., Worth, C.P.: Critical State Soil Mechanics, McGraw-Hill Book Company, London, 1968, p. 310. Desai, C. S., Siriwardane, H.J.,: Constitutive Laws for Engineering Materials with Emphasis on Geologic Materials, Prentice-Hall, In., Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1984, p. 468. 		

Course:	FOUNDATION ENGINEERING		
Course code: G-202	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basic knowledge of foundation structures. The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers in foundation of analysis and develop competences in the design of diferent types of foundations as well as to prepare studenst for other applied courses.		
Syllabus	Shallow foundations, bearing capacity Shallow foundations, rigid structures Shallow foundations, elastic foundations Deep foundations, bearing capacity Deep foundations: piles and slurry walls Deep foundations, lateraly loaded piles Deep foundations: caissons, pneumatic caissons and box Complex foundation structures Dynamically loaded foundations		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Exercise course attendance Seminar course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Nonveiller, E.: Mehanika tla i temeljenje građevina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, p.780, 1979. Bowles, J.E.: Foundation analysis and design, Mc. Graw Hill, III. Ed. Int. Student ed., New York, p 816, 1986. Recommended: Naval Facilities Engineering Command: Foundation, Design Manual 7.01, Alexandria, VI, 1986. 		

Course:	NUMERICAL MODELLING IN GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING		
Course code: G-205	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 15 exercises: 15 seminars: 30	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	Educated future engineers in understending of the nonlinear continuum mechanics and constitutive laws application in describe of real soil in real problem and their numerical descriptions. The student is expected to acquire a knowledge about available geotechnical software.		
Syllabus	Non-linear models of soil and finite element method Numerical modelling software: avaliable software programs Input parameters Critical approach in problem simplification Critical approach in analysis of numerical results Numerical modelling of complex geotechnical structures: earth structures, anchored retaining structures, excavations etc. Rewiev of tipical geotechnical problems		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Excercise course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Bathe, K.J.: Finite Element Procedures in Engineering Analysis, Prentice-Hall, Englewood Cliffs, New Jersey, 1984. Desai, C.S., Abel, J.F.: Introduction to The Finite Element Method, A Numerical Method for Engineering Anaylisis, Van Nostrand Reinchold Company, New York, 1972, p.477. Recommended: Naylor, D.J., Pande, G.N., Sompson, B., Tabb, R.: Finite Elements in Geotechnical Engineering, Pineridge Press Ltd., Swansa (UK), 1981, p. 245. Zienkiewicz, O.C.: The Finite Element Method, 3rd Edition, McGraw-Hill Book Company, NY, 1977. 		

Course:	SOIL DYNAMICS		
Course code: G-204	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	This course introduces the student to the fundamentals of soil dynamics, including the behaviour of soils and structures under cyclic and dynamic loading. The course should enable the student to formulate, in a realistic way, the solutions to real engineering problems; either by direct analytical or numerical methods.		
Syllabus	Fundamentals of vibration Waves in elastic medium Properties of dynamically loaded soils Foundtion and ground vibration Earthquake vibration Compressibility of solis under dynamic loads Liquefaction of soil		
Student obligations	course attendance, accepted project work		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Das, B. M. (1992) Principles of Soil Dynamics. PWS-KENT Gazetas,G. (1983) Analysis of ,machine Foundation Vibrations:State of art,soil Dynamics and Eartiquake Engineering.CML Publications,Vol.2.1.:2-42. Recommended: Ishihara, K., (1996): Soil Behaviour in Earthquake Geotechnics. Clarendon Press - Oxford University Press Novak,M. (1987) State of the art in analysis and Design Of Machine Foundations,Soil structure interaction.Elsevier Science Publications:171-192, 		

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Course:	GEOTECHNICAL STRUCTURES		
Course code: G-209 Course status: compulsory	Pre-requisites: Foundation The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 10 seminars: 20 ECTS:	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basis knowled objective of this course is to educate future engineer in designs and constructions of different types of states.	ers in basic analysis and develop competences	
Syllabus	Design conditions and design method Selection of geotechnical parameters Modelling of geotechnical problems Selection of geotechnical structure Methods of numerical modelling Critical approach to analysis of numerical results Content of geotechnical design Active design approach Executing of geotechnical works Geotechnical supervising Accepting of geotechnical monitoring		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Excercise course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Koerner, R.M.: Construction and Geotechnical Methods in Foundation Engineering, McGraw -Hill Book Company, NY, 1984, p. 496. Bowles, J.E.: Foundation analysis and design, Mc. Graw Hill, III. Ed. Int. Student ed., New York, p 816, 1986. Kovari, K.: Methods of Monitoring Landslides, 5th. Int. Symp. on Landslides, Lausanne, Special print, 1988, pp.1-14 Recommended: Stillborg, B.: Professional Users Handbook for Rock Bolting, Trans Tech Publications, Series on Rock and Soil Mechanics, Vol. 18, 2nd Edn., Clausthal-Zellerfeld, 1994, p164. Windsor, C.R., Thompson, A.G.: Terminology in Rock Reinforced Practice, Proc. 2nd North American Rock Mechanics Conference NARMS'96 – Tools and Techniques, Montreal, Eds. M. Aubertin, F. Hassani and H. Mitri, V1, Rotterdam: A. A. Balkema, 1996, pp. 225 – 232. Hoek, E., Bray, J.W.: Rock Slope Engineering, 2nd. Edn., The Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, London, 527 p., 1977 		

Course:	UNDERGROUND STRUCTURES AND TUNNELS	
Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0
code: G-210 Course status: compulsory	Engineering Rock Mechanics The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	Students should be able to understand and explain the techniques and principles of geotechnical design, monitoring, excavation and ground stabilization as well as select methods appropriate for specific ground conditions and types of underground project.	
Syllabus	Classification of rock masses Stress around the underground excavations Underground excavation failure mechanisms Analysis of structurally controlled instability Support designe for overstressed rock (convergence-confinement method) Stabilization techniques: rockbolts and cables, shotccrete support Tunnel boring machines Blasting in underground excavation Ventilation of the tunnel Drainage and tunnel sealing system Uses of underground space Disposal of radioactive & other wastes (overview) Instrumentation during tunneling	
Student obligations	Attendance to lectures and exercises (on faculty and on site). Preparing and delivering a program from exercises.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 70% during semester, 30% final exam. Essential: Vrkljan, I.,: 2001., Inženjerska mehanika stijena (digitalna verzija skripti). Građevinski fakultet u Rijeci Hoek, E.: Rock Engineering, A Course Notes, http://www.rocscience.com Hoek, E., Kaiser, P.K., Bawden, W.F., 1995., Support of Underground Excavations in Hard Rock, Balkeme, 215 p. Recommended: Hudson, J.A., (editor-in-chief), 1993., Comprehensive Rock Engineering, Volume 1,2,3,4 i 5 	

Course:	SLOPE STABILITY		
Course code: G-211 Course status: compulsory	Pre-requisites: Theoretical Soil Mechanics The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15 ECTS:	
- compared y	oxerence commune	<u> </u>	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basic knowledge of soil and rocks slope stability. Abbility to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems, accept competences for adecvate approach to analyse and learn expiriences in field of slope stability problems. The student is expected to acquire a knowledge of the methods of slope stability analysis.		
Syllabus	Principles and definitions Landslide types and processes Investigation works Measurings and obseravations Strength of soil and rock mass Soil slope stability analysis Rock slope stability analysis Stabilization of soil slopes Stabilization of rock slopes Earth structures Applied software for stability analysis Special cases and meterials		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Excercise course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Nonveiller, E.: Kliženje i stabilizacija padina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1987. Hoek, E., Bray, J.W.: Rock Slope Engineering, 2nd. Edn., The Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, London, 527 p., 1977. Recommended: Turner, A.K., Schuster, R.L.: Landslides, Investigation and Mitigation, Special report 247, Transportation Research Board, National Research Council, National Academy Press, p. 675, 1996. Nonveiller, E.: Mehanika tla i temeljenje građevina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1979. Erismann, T.H. and Abele, G. (2001): Dyamics of Rockslides and Rockfalls. Springer-Vrelag, Berlin-Heidelberg -New York. 		

Course:	ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION		
Course code: G-200	Pre-requisites: Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 15 exercises: 0 ser The course consists of: ECTS:		
optional	lectures - seminars	4	
Course objectives	Preparing students for basic understanding of global ecosystem, importance of biological diversity and biogeochemical cycles, basic principles of environmental protection and possible negative impact of constuction works. Students will be prepared for supplementary courses: Geohazards, Traffic and environment and Waste menagement.		
Syllabus	Basic principles of environmental protection, Biological diversity and biogeochemical cycles Global ecosystem: interaction of geosphere, hydrosphere, atomosphere, biosphere. Human activity and environmental change Climatic changes Air pollution and Pollution of surface water and groundwater Pollution of seas and oceans Pollution of soil Construction works and environmental protection Nature protection in Republic of Croatia Environmental protection in Republic of Croatia Planning for sustainable future		
Student obligations	Course attendance One seminar during term of course		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Benac, Č. ZAŠTITA OKOLIŠA ZA STUDENTE GRADITELJSTVA. Građevinski fakultet Sveučilišta u Rijeci, 2004. www.gradri.hr Glavač, V., UVOD U GLOBALNU EKOLOGIJU. Hrvatska sveučilišna naknada, Ministarstvo zaštite okoliša i prostornog uređenja, Pučko otvoreno učilište-Zagreb. Zagreb, 2001. Recommended:		

Course:	SEEPAGE AND CONSOL	SEEPAGE AND CONSOLIDATION OF SOIL		
Cource	Dro roquicitos:	Hours of Active Classes: 60		

Course	Pre-requisit	es:		Hours of A	ctive Classes:	60
code: G-207	Theoretical S	Soil Mechanics		lectures: 30	exercises: 15	seminars: 15
Course status:	The course consists of:		ECTS:			
optional	lectures	exercises	seminars			4

Course objectives	This course is concerned with the flow of water in incompressible and compressible soil strata. The course should enable the student to formulate, in a realistic way, the solutions to real engineering problems; either by direct analytical or numerical methods.
Syllabus	Water in soils: capillarity, shrinkage, swelling, frost action Effective stresses in soil Water flow through soil: permeability, flow nets, seepage force, critical hydraulic gradient Measurements of permeability Control of seepage and filters Consolidation process Oedometer testing Preconsolidation pressure Time rate of consolidation Consolidation settlement calculations
Student obligations	course attendance
Exam	Written and oral.
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.
Literature	 Essential: Harr, M. E. (1991) Groundwater and Seepage. Dover Publications Holtz, R.D. & Kovacs, W.D. (1981) An Introduction to Geotechnical Engineering. Prentice Hall Nonveiller, E.: Mehanika tla i temeljenje građevina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, p.780, 1979. Recommended: Azizi, F. (1999) Applied Analyses in Geotechnics. Brunner-Routledge Šuklje, L. (1969) Reological aspects of soil mechanics, London

Course:	TESTING AND MONITORING IN GEOT	ECHNICAL ENGINEERING	
Course code: G-208	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	
- присти		·	
Course objectives	Introducing the laboratory and in-situ testing methods of soil and rock in geotechnical practice. Describing the role of geotechnical instrumentation during the construction and operation phases of civil engineering projects, including embankments, dams, excavated and natural slopes, underground excavations, driving piles, and drilled shafts.		
Syllabus	Laboratory and in situ testing of soils, rock and rock masses Application of geophysical methods to the solution of geotechnical, geo-environmental and earthquake engineering problems Planing monitoring programs Monitoring methods and recommends instruments (monitoring groundwater pressure, deformations, total stress in soil, stress change in rock, temperature, stress and strain in structural members) Introducing the Eurocode 7 (ENV 1997-1:1994) General guidelines on the execution of monitoring programs Examples of instrumentation		
Student obligations	Attendance to lectures and exercises (on faculty and on site). Preparing and delivering a program from exercises.		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Vrkljan, I., 2001., Inženjerska mehanika stijena (digitalna verzija skripti). Građevinski fakultet u Rijeci Dunnicliff, J., 1993., Geotechnical instrumentation for monitoring field performance, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 577 p. Hudson, J.A. and Harrison J.P., 2000., Engineering Rock Mechanics, An introduction to the principles, Pergamon, 444 p. Recommended: Harrison, J.P., Hudson, J.P., 2000., Engineering Rock Mechanics, Illustrative Worked Exsamples, Pergamon, 506 p. Hudson, J.A., (editor-in-chief), 1993., Comprehensive Rock Engineering, Volume 1,2,3,4 i 5 		

Course:	REINFORCING SOIL AND ROCKS		
Course code: G-214	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	

Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basis knowledge of reinforcing of soil and rocks. The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers in basic analysis and develop competences in designs and constructions of different types of soil and rocks reinforcing.		
Syllabus	Design conditions and method selection Consolidation of soil, preparatory loading and drainage Deep compaction (vibroflotation, dynamic compaction) Reinforced embankments and geosynthetics Grouting of soil and rocks Reinforced soil and rocks (anchors and bolts) Stability and stress-strain analysis Design of reinforcing of soil and rocks Probe fields Technical conditions and regulations		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Excercise course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Nonveiller, E.: Injiciranje tla, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1989, p. 274. Koerner, R.M.: Construction and Geotechnical Methods in Foundation Engineering, McGraw -Hill Book Company, NY, 1984, p. 496 Recommended: Hobst, L., Zajic, L.: Anchoring in Rock, Developments in Geotechnical Engineering, Vol. 13, Amsterdam: Elsevier Scientific Publishing Co., 1977, p. 390. Stillborg, B.: Professional Users Handbook for Rock Bolting, Trans Tech Publications, Series on Rock and Soil Mechanics, Vol. 18, 2nd Edn., Clausthal-Zellerfeld, 1994, p164. Windsor, C.R., Thompson, A.G.: Terminology in Rock Reinforced Practice, Proc. 2nd North American Rock Mechanics Conference NARMS'96 – Tools and Techniques, Montreal, Eds. M. Aubertin, F. Hassani and H. Mitri, V1, Rotterdam: A. A. Balkema, 1996, pp. 225 – 232 		

Course:	GEOHAZARDS		
Course code: G-212	Pre-requisites: Environmental Protection The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 15 exercises: 10 seminars: 20 ECTS:	
optional	lectures exercises seminars	4	
Course objectives	Basic understanding a connection between endodynamics and exodynamics of the Earth and geohazard phenomena, Assessment, mitigation and avoidance of geohazard, and also the influences of land-use planning and constructions works for the changing of hazard and risk level. Students will be prepared for supplementary courses in geotechnics and hydrotehnics.		
Syllabus	Introduction: hazard and risk Huge natural disaster Volcanic and seismic activity River erosion, accumulation and floods Marine erosion and accumulation Soil erosion and mass movements Drought and fires Hazard mapping and monitoring Assessment, mitigation and avoidance of geohazard Land-use planning and geohazard Construction and geohazard		
Student obligations	Course attendance One seminar during term of course		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Bell, G.F. GEOLOGICAL HAZARD. Their Assest Press, London-New York, 2003. 2. Bell, G.F. ENVIRONMENTAL GEOLOGY, Prince Cambridge, 1998. Recommended: 1. Botkin, D.B. and Keller, E.A. ENVIRONMENTAL 2003.	ciples and Practice. Blackwell Science, SCIENCE, John Wiley and Sons (4. ed.),	
	 Bell, G.F. ENGINEERING GEOLOGY. Blackwe van Westen, C.J., Application of geographic inforzonation. Vol. 1: Theory ITC Publication No. 1 	ormation systems to landslide hazard	

Course:	GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING IN ROAD STRUCTURES		
Course code: G-213	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 25 exercises: 5 seminars: 15	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures excercises seminars	ECTS:	

Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basis knowledge of geotechnical problems in road structures. The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers in basic geotechnical problems during road construction and expected to acquire a knowledge of the methods and processes in this field of civil engineering.		
Syllabus	Geotechnical investigations for road structures Classifications of soils and rocks in road constructions Soil compaction Earth structures Retaining constructions Slope stability Erosion protections Earth structures Drainage constructions Geotechnical aspect of pavaments constructions Geotechnical aspect in tunneling		
Student obligations	Lecture course attendance Seminare course attendance		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Nonveiller, E.: Mehanika tla i temeljenje građevina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, p.780, 1979. Opći tehnički uvjeti za radove na cestama, Institut građevinarstva Hrvatske, Zagreb, 2001. Recommended: Rodrigez, A.Rico, Del Castillo, H., Sowers, G.F.: Soil Mechanics in Highway Engineering, Trans Tech publications, Clausthal Zellerfeld, p.843, 1988. Nonveiller, E.: Kliženje i stabilizacija padina, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, p.204, 1987. Hoek, E., Bray, J.W.: Rock Slope Engineering, 2nd. Edn., The Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, London, 527 p., 1977. Hoek, E.: Rock Engineering, A Course Notes, http://www.rocscience.com, p. 313, 2000. 		

Course:	WATER SUPPLY AND DRINKING WATER TREATMENT		
Course code: H-251	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:	
Course objectives	 To provide that students during the course acquire the knowledge needed for solving complex engineering problems in the field of water supply and drinking water treatment. To develop students ability for independent realization of complex tasks in the field of water supply and drinking water treatment. 		
Syllabus	Introduction: significance of water and problems of water supply. Water sources in nature. Protection areas. Water quality indicators. Water consumers, quality and quantity requirements. Catchment structures. Water supply systems: function and design. Water reservoirs and tanks: function, volume calculation, design and construction. Pumping stations: function, power calculation and pump choice. Water supply pipes, fittings and valves. Pipelines: hydraulic calculations and construction. Hydrostatic pressure testing. Distribution network: allowed pressures, supply zones, dimensioning, construction. Connections to building plumbing. Plumbing in buildings as a final part of water supply systems. Water supply in states of emergency. Drinking water treatments. Disinfection. Desalinization.		
Student obligations	 Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations. Completed and accepted project work before the end of the term. 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Gulić, I.: Opskrba vodom, HSGI, Zagreb, 2000. 2. Gulić, I: Kondicioniranje vode, HSGI, Zagreb, 2003. Recommended: 1. Vuković, Ž.: Osnove hidrotehnike (prvi dio, druga knjiga), Akvamarine, Zagreb, 1996. 2. Margeta, J.: Opskrba vodom I dio, Građevinski fakultet u Splitu, Split, 1985. 3. Steel, E. W., Mc Ghee T. J.: Water Supply and Sewerage, Mc Graw Hill Book Company, London, 1988.		

Course:	DRAINAGE AND WASTEWATER TREATMENT		
Course code: H-252	Pre-requisites: Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminar		
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of:		
Course objectives	 To provide that students during the course acquire the knowledge needed for solving complex engineering problems in the field of drainage and sewage systems and wastewater treatment. To develop students ability for independent realization of complex tasks in the field of drainage and sewage systems and wastewater treatments. 		
Syllabus	Problems and fundamental principles of wastewater and rainwater drainage. Types and characteristics of wastewaters. Types of drainage and sewerage systems. Recipient's characteristics and conservation of water resources. Schemes of drainage/sewage systems. Calculations of relevant wastewater and rainwater quantities. Designing drainage/sewage systems. Limitations in designing. Dimensioning drainage/sewage networks. Structures of drainage/sewage systems: relieving structures, pumping stations, retentions etc. Construction of sewage systems. Testing water tightness of sewers. Wastewater disposal structures: types, dimensioning, calculation and construction. Drainage/sewage systems maintenance and management. Wastewater treatment plants. Treatment processes (mechanical, biological and physical-chemical processes). Sludge treatment.		
Student obligations	 Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations. Completed and accepted project work before the end of the term. 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Margeta, J.: Kanalizacija naselja; Građevinski fakultet u Splitu, Građevinski fakultet u Osijeku i Institut građevinarstva Hrvatske, Split i Osijek, 1998. Tedeschi, S.: Zaštita voda, HDGI, Zagreb, 1997. Recommended: Vuković, Ž.: Osnove hidrotehnike (prvi dio, druga knjiga), Akvamarine, Zagreb, 1996. Steel, E. W., Mc Ghee T. J.: Water Supply and Sewerage, Mc Graw Hill Book Company, London, 1988. 		

Course:	HYDRAULIC STRUCTURES		
Course code: H-253	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
compulsory	lectures exercises -	6	
Course objectives	 To provide that students during the course adopt the basic knowledge of hydrology and hydraulics, water supply and sewage systems, river regulations and hydraulic land reclamations and improvements. To present students the connections between natural water resources and hydrotehnic solutions. 		
Syllabus	 Definitions, goals and tasks of hydrotechnics. Water resoursces management: water use, water conservation, flood control. Planning. Legislation. Basics of hydrology (hydrologic cycle, hydrometeorology, characteristics of catchment areas, hydrometrics). Basics of hydraulics (hydromechanics, pressure flow, open channel flow, flow over spillways and under gates, hydraulic jump, underground flow). Basics of water supply systems (types of water supply systems, categories of water use, water sources and water catchment, pumping stations, water treatment, water reservoirs and tanks, water supply nets). Basics of sewage systems (types of sewage systems, types of wastewaters, sewerage nets, structures, wastewater treatment, disposal of wastewater). Basics of applied hydraulics (morphology of river beds, river regulations, hydraulic land reclamations and improvements, pedology, crop rotation). 		
Student obligations	 Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations. Writing and presenting a paper. 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Vuković, Ž.: Osnove hidrotehnike (prvi dio, prva knjiga), Akvamarine, Zagreb, 1994. 2. Vuković, Ž.: Osnove hidrotehnike (prvi dio, druga knjiga), Akvamarine, Zagreb, 1996. Recommended: 1. Žugaj, R.: Hidrologija, RGN fakultet, Zagreb, 2002. 2. Margeta, J.: osnove gospodarenja vodama, Građevinski fakultet u Splitu, Split, 1992.		

Course:	ENGINEERING HYDROLOGY		
Course code: H-257	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:	
Course objectives	 To provide that students during the course adopt basic knowledges and concepts of discharge processes and models To present students the insights to stochastic and time series Enabling students for independent performing of basic regional hydrologic analyses 		
Syllabus	Processes in atmosphere and hydrologic appearances. Precipitations: analysis of time-spatial distribution of precipitations, variations of short termed intensive precipitations during the time, modeling of intensive precipitations, storms for project making. Infiltration of water into the soli. Processes of interrelations between precipitations and runoffs: linear and non-linear modeling of discharge processes. Analyzes of hydrograms. Regional hydrologic analyzes. Hydrologic prognoses. Multiple function of distribution. Stochasti processes and time series. Stochastic analysis of extreme appearances. Spectral analyzes. Markow's processes. Generation of syntectic time series. Autoregression models. ARMA and ARIMA models. Multiple regression models. Regionalisation of stochastic properties of water appearances in water catchments.		
Student obligations	 Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Attendance to exercises with computer use in hydrologic analyzes. Preparing and delivering of a program from exercises (application of statistic and parametric methods in hydrologic calculations) 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Essential: 1. Hrelja, H.: Vjerovatnoća i statistika u hidrologiji, Građevinski fakul 2. Bras, R.L.: Hydrology, Addison - Wesley Publ. Comp., Massachus 3. Ward, R.C.; Robinson, M.: Principles of hydrology, McGraw-Hill b 4. Chow, V.T.; Maidment, D.R.; Mays, L.W.: Applied hydrology, McG 5. Singh, V.P. (editor): Computer Models of Watershed Hydrology, V Publications, Hihglands Ranch, Colorado, 1995. 6. Salas, J.D.and all.: Applied Modeling of Hydrologic Time Serias, V Publication, Fort Collins, Colorado, 1986.		Comp., Massachusetts, 1990. gy, McGraw-Hill book Comp., 1990. ed hydrology, McGraw-Hill, 1988. shed Hydrology, Water Resource	
	 Recommended: Suhir, E.: Applied Probability for Engineers and S Srebrenović, D.: Primjenjena hidrologija, Tehničk Bonacci, O.: Karst Hydrology, Springer Verlag, F Bonacci, O.: Oborine - glavna ulazna veličina u h Split, 1994. Ožanić, N.(editor).: Priručnik za hidrotehničke me fakultet u Rijeci, Rijeka, 2003. 	ka knjiga, Zagreb, 1986. Heidelberg, 1989. hidrološki ciklus, Sveučilišni udžbenik, Geing,	

Course:	HYDRAULIC REGULATIONS AND MELIORATIONS		
Course code: H-258	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
compulsory	lectures exercises -	6	
Course objectives	 To provide that during the course students adopt elements of engineers foreseeing, conclusion making and hydrotechnic tasks solving from the domain of regulation and melioration constructions Enabling students for independent solving of tasks and calculations from the domain of river bed regulation and melioration 		
Syllabus	The purpose, problems and tasks of water flow regulations. Morphology of river bed. Suspended and drawed sediment; sediment's function. Longitudinal and transversal constructions; dams. Regulation constructions. Regulation of water regime; accumulations, retentions; outlet chanels. Flood protection; legislation; technique. Construction materials for regulations. Erosion processes; division and clasification of torrents. Basics of catchment regulation; technical and biological measures. Phases of torrents regulations and torrent's constructions. Relations plant-soil-water. Drainage systems. Detailed drainage systems. Planning of detailed systems of underground drainage. Construction of drainage systems. Irrigation. Quality and the origine of water for irrigation. Calculation of water demands for irrigation. Elements of irrigation systems. Motive power for irrigation. Methods of irrigation. Planning and designing of irrigation systems.		
Student obligations	 Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Preparing and delivering of a program from exercises (designing of the solution for water flow regulation and/or melioration) 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Gjurović, M.: Regulacija rijeka, Tehnička knjiga Zagreb, 1967. Svetličić, E.: Otvoreni vodotoci - regulacije. Fakultet građevinskih znanosti Sveučilišta u Zagrebu, 1987. Kos, Z.: Hidrotehničke melioracije tla - Navodnjavanje, Školska knjiga Zagreb, 1987. Kos, Z.: Hidrotehničke melioracije tla - Odvodnjavanje, Školska knjiga Zagreb, 1989 Recommended: Chin A.D.:2000, Water – Resources Enginnering, Prentice Hall, New Jersey. 		

Course:	COASTAL STRUCTURE ENGINEERING	3	
Course code: H-259	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	To develop specific competences in statistical methods in coastal engineering field, determining the design conditions, geotechnical aspects of construction in coastal zone, dynamic impacts of waves on coastal and off-shore structures, structured coastal structures, properties and behaviour of building materials exposed to sea conditions.		
Syllabus	Statistical methods in coastal engineering Foundations, consolidation and settlement in coastal zone Natural sediment scour and structure-induced sediment scour Dynamic impact of waves on vertical walls, piles and plates in the sea Elastic submarine sea lines (pipelines) - design and sizing calculations Structured coastal structures - design and sizing calculations Properties and behaviour of building materials exposed to sea conditions		
Student obligations	course attendance, exercise/project work preparation	n, seminar work preparation	
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. USACE Engineering manuals http://www.usace.amanuals/em.htm 2. M.B.Abbot & W.A.Price, "Coastal, Estuarial and F. 3. T.A.Karlsen, "Submarine Installation of Polyethyle Pecommended: 1. M.K.Ochi, "Applied Probability and Stohastic Proc. 2. Braja M. Das, "Principles of Geotechnical Engineers 3. P.Y.Julien, "Erosion and Sedimentation", 1998. 4. B.M.Summer & J.Fredsoe, "The Mechanics of Sc.	Harbour Engineer's Reference Book", 1994 ene Pipes", design manual, 2002 cesses", 1990 ering", 1994	

Course:	EXPERIMENTAL HYDRAULICS		
Course code: H-262	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:	
Course objectives	The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers to understend the unsteady flow in open channels, pressure piping systems (pipe networks) and ground waters, transport of contaminants in porous media and in coastal seas. Hydrodynamic processes will be described in the macroscopic sense, and some examples will be presented.		
Syllabus	Introduction. Measurement equipment. Planning, optimization and construction of models. Hydraulic models. Model techniques. Hydraulic similitude and model laws. Hydraulic laboratory. Case studies. Measurement of fundamental quantities. Field measurements. Organization and measurement technic for water level, velocity, discharge, pressure, forces, temperature, concentration, Collecting and processing of measured values. Gas or liquid flows, probes, data analysis and process guiding, multi-channel concept, AD converter, accompanying software and data presentation. Errors in measurements - data correction. Correlation problems. Analysis and application of obtained results.		
Student obligations	 Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Attendance to laboratory exercises. Preparing and delivering of a program from exercises 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 70% during semester, 30% final exam. Essential: Kobus, H: Hydraulic Modelling, German Association for Water Resources and Land Improvement, Verlag PaulParcy, Hamburg, 1980. Holman, D.: Experimental Methods for Engineers, McGraw-Hill Book company, 1987. Smiljanović, G.: Računala i procesi, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1991. Gjetvaj, G.: Eksperimentalna Hidraulika (interna skripta), 2003 Recommended: Novak, P.; Cabelka, J.: Models in Hydraulic Engineering, Physical Principles and Design Applications, Pitman Advanced Publishing Program, Boston, 1981. 		

Course:	WATER RESOURCES MANAGEMENT		
Course code: H-255	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	 Introducing students to the complexity and multidisc Introducing students to different aspects of water may Develop students' skills for solving problems in the f 	anifestations in nature and in constructed system.	
Syllabus	 Basic concepts of water management: history, integral approach, sustainable development. Water resources. Catchment area as basic unit for water resources management. Natural water resources characteristics: surface waters and underground waters, sea, transitional waters. Water demands. Water resources and demands balance. Water resources use, conserving water resources and flood protection. Types and characteristics of water management structures. Reservoirs as the most complex multipurpose structures. Man influence in changing water regime. Water's role in socio-economic systems. Ecological components of hydrotehnical solutions. Water resources management: basics, goals and objectives, criteria and measures, methodology of generating alternative water management solutions and decision making. Use of simulation and optimization methods in decision making. Information support. Water resources management modelling. Legislative regulations. Water management plans. 		
Student obligations	Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations.Writing and presenting a paper.		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Margeta, J.: Osnove gospodarenja vodama. GF Spl Margeta, J.: Integralni pristup gospodarenju vodama 1999. Gereš,D., Filipović, M.: Program vodnogospodarsko 2000, HDGI, Zagreb, 2000. Margeta, J.; Azzopardi, E.; lacovides, I.: Smjernice z korištenju vodnih resursa, PPA, Split, 1999. Bonacci, O.: Ekohidrologija vodnih resursa i otvoren 2003 Recommended: Gereš, D.: Modeliranje upravljanja vodnim resursim 	a. U: Građevni godišnjak '99 , HDGI, Zagreb, og planiranja u Hrvatskoj. U: Građevni godišnjak za integračni pristuo razvoju, gospodarenju i iih vodi otvorenih vodotoka, GAF u Splitu, IGH,	

2. Đorđević, B.: Vodoprivredni sistemi. Naučna knjiga - GF Beograd, 1990.

5. Mays, L.W.(ed.): Water Resources Handbook. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1996.

4. Grigg, N.S.: Water Resources Management: Principles, Regulations and Cases. McGraw-Hill, New

6. Biswas, A.K.: Water Resources: Environmental Planning, Management and Development,, McGraw-

3. Hrelja, H.: Vodoprivredni sistemi. Svjetlost , Sarajevo, 1995.

'01/'02, HDGI, Zagreb, 2002.

Hill Book Comp.Inc., New York, 1997.

York, 1996.

Course:	KARST HYDROSYSTEMS		
Course code: H-256	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	 Providing basic knowledges regarding karst surroundings and patterns of the appearance and movements of water in them. Development of capabilities for the recognition of paricularities of water managemental characteristics in karst Enabling students for independent solving of basic tasks from the domain of planning and utilising of water from karst 		
Syllabus	 Geological basis of karst. Basic principles of water movement in karst. Karst hydrology. Cavities in karst rocks. Hydraulic conduction. Karst aquifers. Water springs in karst. Curves of springs runoffs. Analysis of components of runoff hydrograms. Principles of salinization of coastal karst springs and aquifers. Water channels and fields in karst. Balance of karst fields. Analysis of sinking and capacities of sinking zones. Dynamics of underground waters in karst aquifers. Analyzes of water level fluctuations. Water temperatures in karst. Sediment drawing in karst aquifers and the influence on the water quality. Hydrological models of karst aquifers. Human influence on the water regime in karst. Specificities of water use in karst. Water capture from karst springs and aquifers. Water bed regulations in karst. Accumulations in karst. Water protection in karst. Hydrological elements of determination of zones of sanitary protection in karst. Karst water management 		
Student obligations	 Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Attendance to the field courses. Preparing and delivering of a paper from seminars 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Bonacci, O.: Karst hydrology, Springer Verlag, 1987. Bonacci, O., Roje-Bonacci, T: Posebnosti krških vodonosnika, Građevinski godišnjak 03-04, Hrvatski savez Građevinskih inžinjera, Zagreb, 2004. Breznik, M.: Storage reservoirs and deep wells in karst regions. Balkema, Rotterdam - Brookfild, 1998. Recommended: Petrič, M.: Characteristic of recharge-discarge relations in karst aquifer, Slovene academy of scieneces and arts, Karst research institute, Postojna – Ljubljana, 2002. Trček, B.: Epikarst Zone and the Karst Aquifer Behaviour, Geološki zavod Slovenije, Ljubljana, 2003. Bogli, A.: Karst Hydrology and Physical Speleology, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1980. Milanović, P.: Karst Hydrology, WRP, Littletoon, 1981. Dreydroat, W.: Processes in Karst Systems, Springer Verlag, Berlin, 1988. 		

Course:	WASTE MENAGEMENT				
Course code: H-263	Pre-requisites:		Hours of A lectures: 30	ctive Classes: exercises: 10	45 seminars: 5
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises	seminars	ECTS:	_	4
Course objectives	Introdicing students to basic knowledge and understanding of the problems of waste in modern society, problems of waste menagement, methods of reduce, reuse and recycle of waste, problems of land and water commtaminations by waste, understanding engineering problems in design and construction of sanitary lanfills				
Syllabus	Modern civilization and waste problems Types of waste Domestic waste Hazardous waste Radiactive waste Problems of land and water contaminations Integrated waste menagement (reduce, reuse and recycle) Design and construction of sanitary landfills Monitoring of leachate and gas Legislative regulations				
Student obligations	Course attendance One seminar during term of course				
Exam	Written and oral.				
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.				
Literature	Essential: 1. Milinović, Z. Deponij. ZGO-ZAO 2. Maregeta, J. Kruti otpad, Grad 3. Wilson, D.G. Handbook of Soli Recommended: 1. Botkin, D.B.and Keller, E.A. EN	evinski fakultet Split, d Waste Menagemet	1988. t. Van Nostr		

Course:	HYDRAULIC MODELLING		
Course code: H-260 Course status:	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0 ECTS:	
optional	lectures exercises -	4	
Course objectives	To provide that during the course students adopt conclusion making and tasks solving from the do Enabling students for independent realisation of modeling	main of hydrotechnical modeling	
Syllabus	Movements equations. Dominant forces. Stacionary and non-stacionary processes. Border layer. Models of border layer description. Methods of fluid movement modeling. The significance for hydrotechnical objects planning. Types and choice of the model. Physical models. Simmilarity law. Limitations and advantages. Stability and reliability of models. Hybrid models. Remote and close field of modeling. Other types of modeling. Biphasic models. Liquid phases. Mixed phases. Substance carrying through. Correlation analysis model-nature.		
Student obligations	 Attendance to lectures and exercises as defined by the faculty regulations. Attendance to laboratory exercises. Preparing and delivering of a program from exercises. 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	 70% during semester, 30% final exam. Essential: Kobus, H.: Hydraulic Modelling, German Association for Water Resources and Land Improvement, Verlag PaulParcy, Hamburg, 1980. Novak, P.; Cabelka, J.: Models in Hydraulic Engineering, Physical Principles and Design Applications, Pitman Advanced Publishing Program, Boston, 1981. Recommended: Jović, V.: Uvod u modeliranje hidrauličkih procesa, Aquarius, Split, 1983. 		

Course:	WATER POWER DEVELOPME	NT	
Course code: H-261 Course status: optional	Pre-requisites: Hydraulic Structures The course consists of: lectures exercises -	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 30 seminars: 0 ECTS:	
Course objectives	 To introduce students to the basic principles of water power use, hydropower plants and equipment, and the environmental impact of this structures. To develop student's problem solving skills in the area of water power development and use. 		
Syllabus	Water energy and power. Basic principles in water power development. Power and energy needs, water power role. Types of hydroelectric plants. Field research from the water power use view. Hydroenergetic calculations and analysis of water flows. Power and energy calculations with changing heads and flows. Economic characteristics of hydropower plants. Environmental impact. Low, middle and high head power plants. Structures by hydropower plants. Water turbines: basic characteristics and application area. Other equipment of hydropower plants: generators, transformations, electrical equipment. Management and maintenance of hydropower plants. Examples of existing hydropower plants. Small hydropower plants. Using tides and vaves energy.		
Student obligations	 Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations. Completed and accepted project work before the end of the term. 		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Stojić, P.: Hidroenergetika, Građevinski fakultet u Splitu, Split, 1995. Đorđević, B.: Korišćenje vodnih snaga - Osnove hidroenergetskog korišćenja voda, Građevinski fakultet u Beogradu, Beograd, 1981. Đorđević, B.: Korišćenje vodnih snaga – Objekti hidroelektrana; Naučna knjiga i Građevinski fakultet u Beogradu, Beograd, 1989. Žugaj, M.: Posebne analize u hidrotehnici, Građevinski institut, Zagreb, 1981. Recommended: Mosony, E.: Water Power Development, Vol. I-II, Budapest, Akademiai Kiado, 1987; Third Ed. Civil Engineering Guidelines for Planning and Designing Hydroelectric Developments; Vol 1-3; New York, American Society of Civil Engineers, 1989. 		

Course:	INVERSE MODELLING IN STRUCTUR	AL EVALUATION
Course code: MK-302	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS : 6
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practical course.	I engineering problems from the field of the
Syllabus	Introduction. Fundamentals of inverse problems will Inversion by singular value decomposition. Solution	•
Student obligations	Two assignments to be done with software by prof. I	.Kožar and programs MathCAD and MATLAB.
Exam	Two assignments to be done with software by prof. I	.Kožar and programs MathCAD and MATLAB.
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	Essential: 1. Liu, G.R., Han, X.: Computational Inverse Technoress, 2003. Recommended: 1. Kožar, Ivica: Kompjuterski programi, Građevni g 2. MathCAD 2001 user manual. 3. MATLAB and SYMULINK user manual.	

Course	OPERATIONS RESEARCH AND LINE	EAR PROGRAMMING	
Course code: MK-303	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	The main goal of the course is to help students in making decisions through linear and nonlinear programming.		
Syllabus	Linear programming. The Simplex Method. Dual transportation algorithm. Inventory models. Forecasting. Nonlinear programming. Multivaria Network Analysis. Dynamic programming. Decision	ble otimization with and without constraints.	
Student obligation	Students are obliged to attend lessons.		
Exam	Exam exists in seminar form.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Martić, Lj.; Matematičke metode za ekonomske 2. Schaum's Outline of operations Research: Bro Companis, 1997.		

1. Martić, Lj.: Nelinearno programiranje, Informator, Zagreb, 1973.

Recommended:

Course:	STRUCTURAL MODELLING		
Course code: MK-308	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30	
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS : 6	
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practical course.	engineering problems from the field of the	
Syllabus	Introduction. Modelling with bar elements, modelin dynamical loadings, stability analysis, soil-structure ir phases and special loadings, structural details and st	nteraction, modeling of prestressing, building	
Student obligations	Three assignments to be done with software by prof.	I.Kožar and program MathCAD.	
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Cook, R.D., Malkus, D.S., Plesha, M.E., Witt, R.J. Element Analysis, Wiley, 2002. Kožar, Ivica: Kompjuterski programi, Građevni god 3. Ghali, A. and Neville, A.M.: Structural Analysis - A Chapman and Hall, London, 1979. MathCAD 2001 user manual. Recommended: Zienkiewitz, O.C., Taylor, R.L.: The Finite Elemen 1991. Toniolo, G.: Analisi Numerica, Heopli, Milano, 198 	dišnjak 1997, str.565-574. A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach, at Method Vol. I i II, McGraw-Hill 1989. i	

Course:	FINITE ELEMENT METHOD	
Course code: MK-309	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practical course.	engineering problems from the field of the
Syllabus	Introduction. Finite elements based on displacement elements, quadrilateral and isoparametric finite elements, for plates and shells. Finite elements equations and equations of fluid dynamics.	elements, finite elements for axisymmetric
Student obligations	Three assignments to be done with software by prof.	. I.Kožar and program MathCAD.
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Cook, R.D., Malkus, D.S., Plesha, M.E., Witt, R.J. Element Analysis, Wiley, 2002. Chapra, S.C., Canale, R.P.: Numerical Methods for the state of the sta	for Engineers, McGraw Hill, 1988. Injerske programe, s listingom programa, Int Method Vol. I i II, McGraw-Hill 1989. i

Course:	NUMERICAL MODELLING IN MATERIA	I S ENGINEERING
Course.	NOMERICAL MODELLING IN MATERIA	LO LIVORILLIMINO
Course code: MK-310	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:
Course objectives	Familiarize the student with numerical simulation in materials engineering using traditional numerical methods (finite differences and finite elements) and stochastic method (cellular automata).	
Syllabus	Continuous Media. Finite Difference Method. Finite Elements Method. Elements of Numerical Algorithms. Inverse Methods. Cellular Automata Method. Cellular Automata and Differential Equations Creating Virtual Microstructure of Portland Cement and Concrete. Prediction of Mechanics and Transport Properties by Virtual Microstructure.	
Student obligations	Participation in all lectures and exercises. Submit and give presentation of the project work.	
Exam	Final presentation of the project work.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	Essential: 1. Rappaz M, Bellet M, Deville M: Numerical Modelin Springer, 2002. Recommended: 1. Raabe D: Computational Materials: The Simulation Properties, John Wiley & Sons Inc 1998. 2. Margolus N, Toffoli T: Cellular Automata Machine Press, 1987. 3. http://ciks.cbt.nist.gov/monograf/ 4. http://www.stephenwolfram.com/publication/articles	on of Materials Microstructures and s. A new environmet for modeling, MIT

Course:	COMPUTER AIDED DESIGN	
Course.	COMPOTER AIDED DESIGN	
Course code: MK-306	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30
optional	lectures - seminars	4
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practic course.	cal engineering problems from the field of the
Syllabus	Introduction. Application of software in civil engine using programming. GIS.	eering with examples. Drawing in CAD programs
Student obligations	Three assignments to be done with software to DesignCAD.	by prof. I.Kožar and programs MathCAD and
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Kožar, Ivica: Kompjuterski programi, Građevni godišnjak 1997, str.565-574. MathCAD 2001 user manual. DesignCAD 3000 user manual. Recommended: Kožar, Ivica: Slobodno oslonjena ploča, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.5, 1983., str.37-41. Kožar, Ivica: Greda na elastičnoj podlozi, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.6, 1983., str.33-39. Kožar, Ivica: Neke subroutine od značaja za inženjerske programe, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.9, 1984., str.6-10. Kožar, Ivica: Dinamička analiza konstruikcija, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.14, 1985., str.4-9. Kožar, Ivica: Kompleksno opterećeni štapovi, s listingom programa, FRaK, No.18/19, 1987., str.52-61. Smith, A., Hinton, E., Lewis, R.W.: Civil Engineering Systems Analysis and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 1983 	

Course:	COMPUTER MODELLING	OF GEOMET	TRIC SURFACES	
Course code: MK-313	Pre-requisites:		Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises:0	seminars:30
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures -	seminars	ECTS:	4
Course objectives	Students will learn higher order surfaces, their properties and possibilities for their constructive elaboration, using CAD. Students will creatively apply surfaces in buildings.			
Syllabus	Modelling techniques and transformation. Bezier's and spline curves. Modelling of general and ruled quadrics. Modelling of 3rd and 4th degree surfaces. Constructive processing of surfaces using CAD. Helical surfaces with the application. Conoid higher order with the application. Realistic modelling techniques, animations, light, materials.			
Student obligations	- course attendance - accepted project work before the end of the term - seminars .			
Exam	- written exam, - oral exam			
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.			
Literature	Essential: 1. Babić; Gorjanc; Sliepčević; Szirovicza: Konstruktivna geometrija, IGH, Zagreb, 2004. 2. Pletenac, Lidija: Geometrijsko modeliranje u CAD-u, repetitorij. 3. Priručnik za software DesignCAD (na računalu u "help"-u) Recommended: 1. Niče, dr. Vilko: Deskriptivna geometrija I i II, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1992. 2. Stanko Turk: Računalna grafika. Osnovi teorije i primjene, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1987. 3. John Vince: 3-D computer animation, Addison –Wesley Publishing Company, New York 1994 4. Alan Watt, Mark Watt: Advanced Animation and Rendering Techniques, Addison –Wesley Publishing Company, New York 1996. 5. Alan Watt, 3D Computer Graphics, Addison –Wesley , Workingham, 1993. 6. Časopisi i zbornici			

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Course:	BUILDING PHYSICS	
Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30
code: MK-312	The course consists of:	lectures: 20 exercises: 0 seminars: 10
Course status: optional	lectures - seminars	ECTS:
Optional	loctures - Scimilars	
Course objectives	Enabling student to independently solve practical engineering problems from the field of the course.	
Syllabus	Introduction. Modelling of fundamental equations in difusion and heat transfer. Modelling of Helmholz wave equation. Computer programs for Assessment of heat and sound resistance in buildings.	
Student obligations	Two assignments to be done with software by prof. I.Kožar and program MathCAD.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.	
Literature	 Kožar, Ivica: Kompjuterski programi, Građevni go 2. Chapra, S.C., Canale, R.P.: Numerical Methods 3. MathCAD 2001 user manual. Recommended: Gertis, K., Mehra, S-R., Veres, E., Kießl, K.: Bau Lösungen, Teubner, Stuttgart, 1996. Ožbolt, J., Kožar, I., Eligehausen, R., and Perišk mechanisches Modell für Beton," Beton und Stah January, 2005). 	for Engineers, McGraw Hill, 1988. sphysikalische Aufgabensammlung mit sić, G., (2005). "Instationäres 3D Thermo-

Course:	STEEL STRUCTURES	
Course code: NK-351 Course status: optional	Pre-requisites: The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	Hours of Active Classes: 75 lectures: 45 exercises: 30 seminars: 0 ECTS:
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing steel structures enable the competency in independent designing of steel structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of steel structures and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Theory of plasticity - application in the field of Steel structures. Compound compressing-prone profiles. Fatigue: general principles of dimensioning. Thin-walled profiles. Composite steel structures: basic rules of design. Structural properties of elements and connecting: according. Frame systems. Unstiffened joints. Steel manufacturing halls: principles of design. Steel halls with cranes. Crane girders: design rules. Spatial truss structures. Suspension and cable-stayed steel structures. Multi-storey skeletal steel structures.	
Student obligations	Working out of the detailed project of spatial steel structure, resistance and stability of the entire structure. Realisation of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set conditions are successfully passed programme st (chosen sections of the lectures) accompanied by programme and the section of the lectures.	ure and its elements, joint design and drafts). dynamics of exercises. The second signature tages and short seminar paper elaboration
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Androić, B., Dujmović, D., Džeba, I.: Metalne kon Džeba, I., Androić, B., Dujmović, D.: Metalne kon Androić, B., Dujmović, D., Džeba, I.: Metalne kon Dujmović, D., Androić, B., Džeba, I.: Modeliranje Zagreb, 2004. Recommended: Eurocode 3: Designo of Steel Structures, Part 1, 	nstrukcije 3, IAP, Zagreb, 1998. nstrukcije 4, IAP, Zagreb, 2003. konstrukcija prema EUROCODE 3, AGM,

Course:	THEORY OF PLASTICITY	
Course code: TM-405	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 24 exercises: 0 seminars: 6
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:
Course objectives	Fundamentals of continuum mechanics, theory of e framework of the elasticity theory, nonlinear the mechanics.	•
Syllabus	Introduction Stress at a point Strain at a point Stress-strain relations - linear elasticity Basic equations of elasticity for solids Visco-elasticity Plasticity Damage mechanics Applications to simple problems	
Student obligations	Attenance of lectures Seminar work - condition for the attendance of the Exam	exam
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	Essential: 4. Valliappan, S. Continuum mechanics - fundamentals, 5. Scool of Civil Engineering, The University of New South Wales 6. Ed. A.A.Balkema, Rotterdam, 1981. Recommended: 2. Timoshenko, S. and Goodier, N. Theory of elasticity, McGraw-Hill, 1970.	

Course:	TIMBER STRUCTURES	
Course code: NK-357	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 75 lectures: 45 exercises: 26 seminars: 4
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of wood and wood-based materials enable the competency in independent designing of timber structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of timber structural engineering and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Manufacturing of laminated wood. Plate wood-based elements. New materials based on wood. Glulam girders: design of standardised girders of special geometry. Glulam structures: structural design and characteristic details. Glulam reinforcement at exceeding tension capacity vertically to grains. 2D glulam systems: frame and arch girders. 3D glulam systems. Traditional and modern timber roof systems. Basics of design and construction of wooden buildings: manufacturing, frame and panel systems, details. Wooden bridges: historical and modern systems (types, design, details). Spatial concepts: domes, grid systems, hypers, fans, lattice vaults. Compound cross-sections of bending-prone timber elements. Yielding. Basics of composite wooden systems: bonding of wood with other materials, bonding wood/wood and wood/wood-based materials. Prestressing (pretensioning) in timber structures: Howe and Cruciano truss systems. Transverse prestressed systems.	
Student obligations	Working out of the detailed project of spatial timber structure (disposition draft, static model of structure, resistance and stability of the entire structure and its elements, joint design and drafts). Second signature conditions are a successful programme and a short seminar paper elaboration (chosen section of the lectures) accompanied by a public presentation with teacher-student discussion.	
Exam	Written and oral.	
Assessment	70% during semester, 30%final exam.	
Literature	 Essential: Bjelanović, A., Rajčić, V.: Drvene konstrukcije pre sveučilišna naklada, Zagreb, 2005. Žagar, Z. Drvene konstrukcije I i II, Pretei d.o.o., Zagreb, 2 Žagar, Z. Drveni mostovi, Pretei d.o.o., Zagreb, 2 Lecture and practice notes Recommended: Gojković, M., Stevanović, B., Komnenović, M. Ku Riješeni primjeri, Građevinski fakultet, Beograd, 2. DIN 1052: Teil 1, Teil 2, Teil 3, Teil 4, 2000.Inform 3. Werner, G., Zimmer, K.: Holzbau 1, Holzbau 2, S Halas, R., Scheer, C: Holzbau-Tachenbuch, IES, 5. Götz-Mohler_Natterer: Holzbauatlas, CMA, Münc 6. Internet pages 	Zagreb, 2002./03. 003. zmanović, S., Stojić, D.: Drvene konstrukcije 2000. nationdienst Holz: Düsseldorf, 1995. pringer - Verlag, Berlin, 1995. Verlag, Berlin, 2000.

Course:	PRESTRESSED CONCRETE	
Course code: NK-353	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of concrete enable the competency in independent designing of prestressed concrete structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of prestressed concrete structures and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Lectures: Principles of prestressing. Methods of prestressing. Analysis of concrete section under working loads. Design for the serviceability limit state. Analysis and design at the ultimate limit state. Partial prestressing. Loss of prestress. Anchorage zone design. Practices: Auditor demonstration of characteristic systems ascording to the types and building technology.	
Student obligations	Practical elaboration of practices contents: working out of the major project of prestressed structure in a space concept (disposition, static structure model, resistance and stability of structure elements and the entire. Working out of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set auditor (40%) and constructive practices (60%). Second signature conditions are a successful programme.	
Exam	Written part is in numerical and theoretical form. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for the oral exam.	
Assessment	Results of exams and grades of the programme.	
Literature	 Essential: Lecture and practice notes. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije, DHGK, Zagreb, 1996. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije – Odabrana poglavlja, DHGK, Zagreb, 1990. Tomičić, I.: Priručnik za proračun armiranobetonskih konstrukcija, DHGK, Zagreb, 1993. Mosley W.H., Hulse R., Bungey J.H.: Reinforced concrete Design to Eurocode 2, Macmillan Press LTD, 1996. Nilson A.H., Winter G.: Design of concrete structures, McGrau-Hill, Inc., 1987. Recommended: Leonhardt, V.: Vorlesungen über Massivbau, Fünfter Teil, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg, New York, 1979. 	

Course:	SPECIAL CHAPTERS OF CONCRETE STRUCTURES	
Course code: NK-352	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of concrete enable the competency in independent designing of concrete structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of concrete structures and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Lectures: Circular spirally reinforced columns. Short columns resisting moments and axial forces. Biaxial bending of short columns. Design of slender columns. Walls. Two-Way column- supported slabs, shear design. Application of plastic methods to reinforced concrete structures. Yield-line analysis for reinforced concrete slabs. Practices: Auditor demonstration of characteristic systems ascording to the types and building technology.	
Student obligations	Practical elaboration of practices contents: working out of the major project of concrete structure in a space concept (disposition, static structure model, resistance and stability of structure elements and the entire. Working out of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set auditor (40%) and constructive practices (60%). Second signature conditions are a successful programme.	
Exam	·	rm. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for
Assessment	the oral exam Results of exams and grades of the programme.	
Literature	 Essential: Lecture and practicce note. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije, DHGK, Zagreb, 1996. Tomičić, I.: Betonske konstrukcije – odabrana poglavlja, DHGK, Zagreb, 1990. Tomičić. I.: Priručnik za proračun armiranobetonskih konstrukcija, DHGK, Zagreb, 1993. Mosley W.H., Hulse R., Bungey J.H.: Reinforced concrete Design to Eurocode 2, Macmillan Press LTD, 1996. Nilson A.H., Winter G.: Design of concrete structures, McGrau-Hill, Inc., 1987. Recommended: Sahnovski, K.V.: Armiranobetonske konstrukcije, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1962. Ulicki, I.I.: Armiranobetonske konstrukcije, Građevinska knjiga, Beograd, 1977. Park, R., Paulay, T.: Reinforced Concrete Structures, John Wiley, New York, 1975. 	

Course:	SOLID BRIDGES	
Course code: NK-355	Pre-requisites: Concrete and Masonry Structures	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 30
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS : 5
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of concrete enable the competency in independent designing of concrete bridges. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of concrete bridgest and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Lectures: Bridges and their mayor components: slabs, beams, boxes, frames, arches, suspension and cable-stayed bridges. Methods of analysis – superstructures and substructures. Numerical and finite element techniques and solutions i static, dynamic, seismic, wind and blast effects. Analysis of prestressed concrete bridges: slab, beam and slab, in sitn multi-cell box grider, in sitn single-cell box grider bridges. Precast segmental box griders. Precast full-length box griders. Incrementally launched box grider bridges. Practices: Auditor demonstration of characteristic systems ascording to the types and building technology.	
Student obligations	Practical elaboration of practices contents: working out of the major project of concrete bridges in a space concept (disposition, static structure model, resistance and stability of structure elements and the entire. Working out of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set auditor (40%) and constructive practices (60%). Second signature conditions are a successful programme.	
Exam	Written part is in numerical and theoretical. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for an oral exam as extended check of theoretical knowledge.	
Assessment	Results of exams and grades of the programme.	
Literature	 Essential: Lecture and practice notes Tonković, K.: Masivni mostovi – opća poglavlja, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1977. Tonković, K.: Masivni mostovi – građenje, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1989. Bangash M.Y.H.: Prototype bridge structures: Analysis and design, Thomas Telford, 1996. Hewson N.R.: Prestressed concrete bridges: Design and construction, Thomas Telford, 2003. Podolny W., Muller J.M.: Construction and Design of Prestressed Concrete Segmental Bridges, John Wiley & Sons, 1982. Recommended: Leonhardt, V.: Vorlesungen über Massivbau, Springer-Verlag, Berlin, Heidelberg, New York, 1979. 	

Course:	STEEL BRIDGES	
Godioc.	OTELE BINDOLO	
Course code: NK-356 Course status:	Pre-requisites: Steel Structures II The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0 ECTS:
compulsory	lectures - seminars	4
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing systems enable the competency in designing of steel bridges. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of bridges and structural engineering in general.	
Syllabus	Historical development of steel bridges structures. Modern steel bridges systems. Dispositions. Concepts of safety: mechanical resistance and stability. Main-girders: solid-walled, narrow-flange, wide-flange, cell-box. Gridal and torsional resistance. Optimisation of dimensions. Truss main-girders: types, theory, basic rules of structural design and shaping, details, modern variants. Pavement structures of railway and highway steel bridges. Bracing: in general, spatial stability, interaction with main-girders. Composite structures: steel-concrete. Ultimate limit states: bearing and serviceability. Stress-distribution: creep and tight, elastic and plastic analysis. Steel ortothropic plates: in general, basic rules of structural design and shaping, basics of analysis. Fixed and pinned bearings and joints: steel parts, elastomers, teflon, dimension control.	
Student obligations	Working out of the detailed project of spatial structure of steel bridge (disposition draft, static model of structure, resistance and stability of the entire structure and its elements, joint design and drafts). Second signature condition is a successful programme.	
Exam	Written part is in numerical and theoretical. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for an oral exam as extended check of knowledge.	
Assessment	Results of exams and grades of the programme.	
	Essential: 1. Horvatić, D.: Metalni mostovi, Školska knjiga, Z	Zagreb, 1988.
Literature	Recommended: 1. Tonković, K.: Mostovi, Sveučilišna naklada Libe	er, Zagreb, 1981.

Course: THEORY OF PLATES AND SHELLS

Course	Pre-requisites	s:		Hours of A	ctive Classes:	30
code: TM-401	_			lectures: 24	exercises: 0	seminars: 6
Course status:	The course c	onsists of:		ECTS:		
optional	lectures	-	seminars			3

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Course objectives	 To understand the basic mechanical properties of different 2D structures: walls, membranes, plates, and shells. To learn the fundamental principles of the two main theories of plates including their analytical and approximate solutions. To acquire some preliminary skills for the course Finite-element method.
Syllabus	Introduction to the theory of 2D structures. Geometry of curved spaces. Different 2D structures and their governing equations: walls, membranes, plates, and shells. Kirchhoff's theory of plates. Plate on an elastic foundation. MindlinReissner's theory of plates. Closed-form solution and the solutions using the finite-difference method and the finite-element method. Dynamics of plates and the finite element solution with an example. Numerical examples using the finite-element method. Comparison of solutions using bars, triangular plate elements and isoparametric 3D elements. Energy formulations and the principle of virtual work in 2D structures. Approximate solution using the RayleighRitz method. Finite-element method as a special case of the RayleighRitz method with localy defined shape functions. Application to 2D structures.
Student obligations	Understanding of the course material is periodically checked through seminars, the results of which are being added to the results of the written exam.
Exam	The exam consists of the written and the oral part. Minimum of 40% of the aggregate result of the seminarss and the written part is a condition for the oral part of the exam.
Assessment	The students are marked according to the aggregate result of the seminars, the written and the oral part of the exam.
Literature	 Essential: P.L. Gould, Analysis of Shells and Plates, Springer Verlag, 1988. HC. Juang, Static and Dynamic Analysis of Plates and Shells, Springer Verlag, 1988. S. Timoshenko, Theory of Plates and Shells, McGrawHill, 1959. Recommended: A.E.H. Love, A Treatise on the Mathematical Theory of Elasticity, Dover, New York, 1944. T.J.R. Hughes, The Finite Element Method, Dover, New York, 2000. I. Kožar, M. Novaković, E. Pavlovec, Analysis of plate on elastic foundation using 8-node serendipity element, International Journal for Engineering Modelling 8 (1995) 65-70.

Course:	DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES		
Course code: TM-402	Pre-requisites: Undergraduate level	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basic knowledge and understanding of the methods of Dynamics of Structures for implementation in Earthquake Engineering, Concrete Structures, Bridges		
Syllabus	Single-degree-of- freedom systems: equations of motion and solutions for free and forced undamped and damped oscillations; Response to harmonic and periodic excitations; Vibration isolation; Response to ground motion; Lumped -mass and continuous-mass systems; Duhamel's integral; Multi-degree-of-freedom systems: equation of motions and solution methods (matrix approach); Orthogonality of modes; Shear buildings; Normal coordinates; Modal analysis; The solution of modal equation using Laplace transforms.		
Student obligations	Obligatory attendance to the course.		
Exam	Written exam		
Assessment	20% for regular attendance; 80% exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Čaušević, M., DINAMIKA KONSTRUKCIJA, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2005. Čaušević, M., POTRESNO INŽENJERSTVO, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2001. Recommended: Chopra, A. K., DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES – Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering, Second edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2001. Clough, R., Penzien, J., DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1975. 		

Course:	STABILITY OF STRUCTURES		
Course code: TM-403	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:	
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire a basic knowledge and understanding of the methods of Stability of Structures for implementation in Concrete Structures, Timber Structures, Bridges		
Syllabus	Static, dynamic and energy criterion of stability; Definition of critical loading and analytical formulation of critical loading, Eigenvalues; Orthogonality; Basic assumptions and basic equations of the second order theory; The second order theory and stability of prismatic and tapered members; Implementation od matrix approach and finite difference method; The second order theory and stability of system of members (plane frames) using the slope - deflection method; Stability of plate elements;		
Student obligations	Obligatory attendance to the course.		
Exam	Written exam		
Assessment	20% for regular attendance; 80% exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Čaušević, M., STATIKA I STABILNOST KONSTRUKCIJA – Geometrijska nelinearnost, Sveučilišni udžbenik, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2003. Čaušević, M., TEHNIČKA MEHANIKA - kinematika, Sveučilišni udžbenik, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2000. Recommended: Ghali, A.; Neville, A. STRUCTURAL ANALYSIS: A Unified Classical and Matrix Approach, E & FN SPON, An Imprint of Chapman & Hall, London, 1996. Thompson, J. M. T.; Hunt, G. W. A GENERAL THEORY OF ELASTIC STABILITY, John Wiley & Sons, London, 1973. Fukumoto, Y., STRUCTURAL STABILITY DESIGN-steel and composite structures, Pergamon, 1997. 		

Literature

Course:	VARIATIONAL METHODS		
Course code: TM-404	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 24 exercises: 0 seminars: 6	
Course status:	The course consists of: ECTS:		
optional	lectures - seminars	3	
Course objectives	 To understand the basic energy principles and to learn how to apply them to simple problems of statics of deformable bodies and analytical dynamics. To understand the essence of the energy-based approximate methods and the variational formulation of the finite-element method. To acquire some preliminary skills for the course Finite-element method. 		
Syllabus	Introduction to the principle of virtual work and the principle of stationary total potential energy. Equilibrium, kinematic and constitutive equations of a 3D continuum. Relationship between the equilibrium equations and the energy principles. Application of the principle of virtual work to trusses and frameworks. Rayleigh-Ritz method with emphasis on beam structures. Galerkin's method. Application of the Rayleigh-Ritz method to plates. Application of the Rayleigh-Ritz method to buckling of beams. Introduction to the finite-element method using the principle of virtual work. Shape functions for triangular wall elements. Stiffness matrix and load vector. Co-ordinate transformations. Beam finite elements. Energy methods and principle of virtual work in dynamics. Analytical dynamics and Lagrange's equations.		
Student obligations	Understanding of the course material is periodically checked through seminars, the results of which are being added to the results of the written exam.		
Exam	The exam consists of the written and the oral part. Minimum of 40% of the aggregate result of the seminars and the written part is a condition for the oral part of the exam.		
Assessment	The students are marked according to the aggregate result of the seminars, the written and the oral part of the exam.		
	Essential:	s), Imperial College, Department of Aeronautics,	
	Recommended: 1. Davies, G.A.O.: Virtual Work in Structural 0-471-10113-3)	Analysis, Wiley, Chichester, 1982 (0-471-10112-5,	

1996 (0-333-64626-6)

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2. Henwood, D.; Bonet, J.: Finite Elements. A Gentle Introduction, MacMillan, Basingstoke,

 Johnson, C.: Numerical Solution of Partial Differential Equations by the Finite Element Method, Cambridge University Press, Cambridge, 1995 (0-521-345-146, 0-521-347-580)
 Hughes, T.J.R.: The Finite Element Method, Dover, New York, 2000 (0-486-41181-8)
 Lanczos, C.: The Variational Principles of Mechanics, Dover, New York, 1986 (0-486-65067-

Course:	PRECAST CONCRETE STRUCTURES		
Course code: NK-358	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 10 seminars: 5	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -		
Course objectives	Acquired knowledge of working concepts and properties of various bearing structures of concrete enable the competency in independent designing of precast concrete structures. It is also a background for further practical and scientific education in the field of precast concrete structures and structural engineering in general.		
Syllabus	Lectures: What is precast concrete. Materials used in precast structures. Precast frame analysis. Precast concrete floors. Precast concrete beams. Columns and shear Walls. Horizontal floor diaphragms. Joint and connections. Beam and column connections. Ties in precast concrete structures. Practices: Auditor demonstration of characteristic systems ascording to the types and building technology.		
Student obligations	Practical elaboration of practices contents: working out of the major project of precast concrete structure in a space concept (disposition, static structure model, resistance and stability of structure elements and the entire. Working out of programmes is adjusted to a firmly set auditor (40%) and constructive practices (60%). Second signature conditions are a successful programme.		
Exam	Written part is in numerical and theoretical form. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for the oral exam.		
Assessment	Results of exams and grades of the programme.		
Literature	 Essential: Lecture and practice notes. Twelmeier, H.: Betonfertigteilkonstruktionen, TU Hannover, 1973. Mokk, L.: Montagebau in Stahlbeton, Akademiai Kiado, Budapest, 1968. Elliott K.S.: Precast concrete structures, Butternwoorth-Heineman, 2002. Elliot K.S.: Multi-storey precast concrete framed structures, Blackwell Science, 1996. Seismic design of precast concrete building structures, State of art, FIB, October 2003. Recommended: Precast concrete in mixed construction, State-of-art, FIB, June 2002. Floor Connections – Precast Concrete Connection Details, Beton – Verlag, Düsseldorf, 1981. Structural Design Manual – Precast Concrete Connection Details, Beton – Verlag, Düsseldorf, 1978. 		

Course:	INTRODUCTION TO COMPOSITE STR	UCTURES	
Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45	
code: NK-354		lectures: 30 exercises: 10 seminars: 5	
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:	
optional	lectures exercises seminars	4	
Course objectives	Acquired basic knowledge of working concepts and enable the limited competency in designing of comfurther practical and scientific education in this field	posite structures. It is also a background for	
Syllabus	An introduction with EC3 and EC4: a general survey. Theory, methods and effects of bonding. Advantages, defects, scopes of practical application. Materials for composite structures: steel, concrete, reinforcing and presstresing steel, profilised metal sheets, steels for shear connectors. Basics of bonding: material properties, material interaction, effects of reology (concrete creep and tight), effective width. Elastic and plastic resistance analysis. Total, discontinuous and elastic bonding. Statical indefinite girders. Composite columns and slabs. Connectors and joints of composite structures. Composite structures of buildings and bridges: particularities. Fire-fighting safety, influential parameters, models of thermics and mechanics analysis. Composite wooden structures (EC5) systems: wood/other materials (reinforced and lightweight concrete), wood/wood and wood/ plate wooden elements. Connecors (yielding). Examples of practical application of composite wooden structures.		
Student obligations	Working out of a short seminar (chosen section of the lectures and recommended topics). Second signature condition is a short seminar paper elaboration accompanied by a public presentation with teacher-student discussion.		
Exam	Written part is numerical and theoretical. If positive, the written part is a pre-requisite for an oral exam as extended theoretical check.		
Assessment	Results of exams and grades of the seminar paper.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Horvatić, D.: Spregnute konstrukcije čelik - beton 2. Lecture and practice notes Recommended: 1. Johnson, R.P: Composite Structures of Steel and 2. Johnson, R.P., Buckby, R.J.: Composite Structur Bridges, Collins London, 1986. 3. Johnson and all: All about EC4, in IABSE Report	d Concrete, Volume 1 Collins London 1986. res of Steel and Concrete, Volume 2,	

Course:	EARTHQUAKE ENGINEERING		
0		House of Author Observe Af	
Course code: NK-361	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0	
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:	
optional	lectures exercises -	4	
Course objectives	Ability to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems in the field of earthquake resistant analysis and design of concrete and steel structures.		
Syllabus	Response of structures to ground motion; Response spectrum; Base shear coefficient; Seismic modal analysis of multi-degree-of-freedom systems using spectral theory; Matrix approach of seismic modal analysis; Soil-structure interaction; Earthquake response and design of multistorey buildings; Eurocode 8: seismic zonation, definition of earthquake loading on buildings using spectral approach; Combination of loading after Eurocode 1 and Eurocode 8: seismic combination; Specific rules for design and construction of reinforced concred and steel structures; United States International Building Code IBC2000: implementation in Croatia.		
Student obligations	Obligatory attendance to the course.		
Exam	Written exam		
Assessment	20% for regular attendance; 80% exam.		
Literature	 Essential: Čaušević, M., POTRESNO INŽENJERSTVO, Sveučilišni udžbenik, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2001. Čaušević, M., DINAMIKA KONSTRUKCIJA, Sveučilišni udžbenik, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2005. Recommended: Chopra, A. K., DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES – Theory and Applications to Earthquake Engineering, Second edition, Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2001. Clough, R., Penzien, J., DYNAMICS OF STRUCTURES, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1975. Eurocode 8 – Design of structures for earthquake resistance – Part 1: General rules, seismic actions and rules for buildings, EN 1998-1, Doc CEN/TC250/SC8/N335, Brussels, January 2003. 		

Course:	TESTING OF STRUCTURES		
Course code: NK-360 Course status: optional	Pre-requisites: The course consists of: lectures exercises -	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0 ECTS:	
Course objectives	Qualifying of students in the field of measurement and measuring technics and direct applied in testing of civil engineering structures. Intoduction with methods of measuring and corresponding norms and standards in the field of quality control during the building and exploatation of civil engineering structures.		
Syllabus	Historical development and tasks of structure testing. Regulations in the field of testing of structures. Tensometers. Review and types of sensors. Review of instruments and measuring equipmnet for statics and dynamic testing. Measuring characteristics of sensors and instruments. Review of testing methods in laboratory and in situ. Static testing: methods and data acquisition. Analysis and presentation of measurement data. Dynamic testing: methods. Methods of excitations structures and elements. Methods of acquiring of dynamic signals. Sensors during dynamic testing. Methods of dynamic analysis in the time and frequencies domain. Fast Fourier transformation of acquired signals. Experimental model analysis of structures and elements. Dynamic parameters of structural systems. Analysis of strains and stresses on the basis of measurement values. Long-time measurement on the structures or monitoring. Data acquering, analysis and presentation using PC technologies.		
Student obligations	Continously obligatorily ettendence to lecture and exercises. On the exercises, the students have to acquire the data of measuring of every exercise. After it, data has to be analysed and compared with the theoretical values and made a report.		
Exam	Written and oral exam after presented the testing report of exercises.		
Assessment	Results of exams and testing reports.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Separates with complete lectures (M. Rak) Recommended: 1. Vukotić, R.: Ispitivanje konstrukcija, Naučna knjiga, Beograd, 1990.		

Course:	SPECIAL CHAPTERS OF LIGHTWEIGHT STRUCTURES		
Course code: NK-359	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 5 seminars: 10	
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS:	
Course objectives	Acquisition of basic knowledge on spatial concepts of performance, bearing capacity, modelling methods (linear and non-linear FE analyses) and technology of various lightweight system constructions serve as a background for a further practical and scientific education in this field.		
Syllabus	Geodesic domes: geometry, truss and panel systems, coverings, joint details, performance and assembly, modelling. Pneumatic structures: pneumatic balloons, pneumatic cushions, pneumatic beams, arches and disks, modelling. Lightweight membrane structures: structural types, the ways of membrane stabilisation, supporting, modelling. Synergetic structures: behaviour principles at overtaking of external actions, direction systems (regulation of bearing capacity and stability) and surveying. Tensional integrity systems: ultimately light space structures, integrated systems of elements in compression and tension, modelling. Lightweight aluminium and steel structures. Examples of constructed lightweight objects: types, space action, performance and assembly details, design models and behaviour simulation.		
Student obligations	Second signature condition is an elaboration of a seminar paper (theory or modelling – with a mentor) from the chosen field, along with the public presentation followed by student-teacher discussion.		
Exam	Written exam (1h) including the check of theoretical knowledge.		
Assessment	Results of exams and the graded seminar paper.		
Literature	Essential: 1. Žagar, Z. Drvene konstrukcije I i II, Pretei d.o.o., Zagreb, 2002./03. 2. Lecture notes. Recommended: 1. Fuller, B.: Sinergetics, McMillan Publ. Co. Inc., New York, 1975. 2. Mathys, P.I., Jing, T.F.: Floating Saddle Connections for Georgia Dome, USA, SEI Journal, Vol. 4., No. 3, 1994. 3. Motro, R.: Tensegrity Systems and Geodesic Dome, Space Structure Jnrl, Special Issue on Geodesic Forms, Vol. 5., No. 3&4, 1990. 4. Internet pages		

Course:	PLANNING OF BUILDINGS		
Course code: OA-463 Course status: optional	Pre-requisites: Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 15 exercises: 30 seminars The course consists of: lectures exercises -		
Course objectives	Inform students about the methodology of paths the planning documentation.	planning and qualify them for reading and elaborating	
Syllabus	 Elements of historical development. Theoretical basis for evaluating an architectural work. Approach to planning, analysis of a location, programme, orientation, physics of a building. From a regional plan to an executional project. Technical conditions of building, standards, regulations, fire and conservation protection, safety at work. Function, construction, design for residential and public buildings. Staircases and elevators, installations, heating, cooling and ventilation. Modern facades and roof frames. Konstruction as the basis of formation - public buildings for special purposes, halls, big sheds, stadiums, theatres, aeroports. 		
Student obligations	 Course attendence Visits to building-sites and theme exhibitions Project work: Based on the assigned general design, a part of the executional project of a small public building or a part of it. 		
Exam	written exam oral exam		
Assessment	Lecture and exercise attendance and project work 50% Written and oral exam 50%		
Literature	Essential: 1. Neufert, E.: Arhitektonsko projektiranje, IGH Zagreb 2002. 2. Proizvodni programi građevinske opreme 3. Planovi i projekti izvedenih rješenja. Recommended: 1. G. Knežević, I. Kordiš: Stambene i javne zgrade, tehnička knjiga, Zagreb 2. Encyclopaedia of 20th Century Architecture, Thames and Hudson 1989. 3. H. Pearman: Contemporary World Architecture, Phaidon 1998. 4. R. Fisher: New Structures, New York, London 1964. 5. T. Herzog: Pneumatic Structures, C.L.Staples, London 1977. 6. I. Tonković: Priča o građenju, Tehnička knjiga, Zagreb		

Course:	ROAD INTERSECTIONS AND CROSSROADS	
Course code: P-501 Course status: compulsory	Pre-requisites: Road Design The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	Hours of Active Classes: 50 lectures: 20 exercises: 15 seminars: 15 ECTS: 5
Course objectives	The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers to identify, formulate and solve engineering problems in the field of road intersections and crossroads.	
Syllabus	Crossroads (grade junctions): - types ("classic" and roundabouts), characteristics, design elements, capacity determination, traffic signs and road marking Intersections (up-grade - grade separated junctions and intercharges): - types, characteristics, design elements, capacity determination, traffic signs and road marking Other crossings: - with railways, rivers, channels and other engineering structures	
Student obligations	Three individual seminar works ("classic" crossroads, roundabout, intersection) The project of concrete example (made in group) on idea level.	
Exam	Oral exam	
Assessment	15 % activity + 25 % seminar works + 30 % project + 30 % project presentation	
Literature	 Essential: Pravilnik za projektovanje putova (u pripremi)A. Klemenčić: Oblikovanje cestovnih čvorišta izvan razine, Građevinski institut Zagreb, 1982 T. Tollazzi: Kružna raskrižja (hrvatska verzija - u tisku) Recommended: Richtlinien für die Anlage von Landstraßen (RAL) - Planfrei Knotenpunkte (RAL-K-2), 1996 Richtlinien für die Anlage von Landstraßen (RAL) - Plan Knotenpunkte (RAL-K-1), 1995 	

Course:	URBAN TRAFFIC	
Course code: P-503	Pre-requisites: The course consists of:	Hours of Active Classes: 50 lectures: 20 exercises: 20 seminars: 10 ECTS:
compulsory	lectures exercises -	6
Course objectives	The student is expected to acquire knowledge of urban roads (highways) and intersections, different transport modes and their characteristics. Student will be able to prepare highway and intersection designs, design of other parts of urban traffic areas (parking areas etc.) and conduct simple transport studies.	
Syllabus	 City and traffic, Urban traffic planning Traffic planning and design Classification of urban roads Geometric and project element for urban roads: cross section, horizontal and vertical curves Intersections in urban areas: types, shapes, traffic leading Non-motorized traffic in cities: walking, bicycling Parking areas in cities Public transport: role and importance in urban traffic Public transport modes Road transit modes Railway transit modes Public transport routes, stations and terminals Facilities and signalization on urban highways 	
Student obligations	 accepted project work (group work) and presentation of project before the end of the term or before specified date project work consists of design of elements of traffic system on the selected urban area (in the city of Rijeka) 	
Exam	written exam, oral exam positively marked written exam is a condition for the oral exam	
Assessment	35 %project work with presentation + 45%written exam+20%oral exam	
 Essential: 1. Skripta sa predavanja 2. Studija Riječkih prometnih prostora, IGH Rijeka, Rijeka, 1990 3. Vučić, R.V.: Javni gradski prevoz - Sistemi i tehnika, Naučna knjiga Beograd 1987 4. Grad kao složeni sustav, Zbornik radova s Prve konferencije Grad kao složeni sus Zagreb-Karlovac, 1995. Recommended: 1. GUP grada Rijeke, Grad Rijeka, 2004. 		ika, Naučna knjiga Beograd 1987.
Literature	 Maletin, M., Gradske saobraćajnice, Građevisnki fakultet Beograd, Beograd 1996. The geography of Urban Transportation, Edited by Hanson, S., The Guilford Press, NewYork-London, 1995. Vresk, M., Grad i urbanizacija:osnove urbane geografije, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 2002. Božičević, J., Topolnik D., Infrastruktura cestovnog promta, Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb, 1996. Pađen J., Osnove prometnog planiranja, Informator, Zagreb, 1986. Mumford, L., Grad u historiji, Znanje, Zagreb, 1968. 	

Course:	TRAFFIC ENGINEERING					
Course code: P-502	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 45 exercises: 0 seminars: 15				
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures - seminars	ECTS: 5				
Course objectives	Introducing with the relation between transport offers and demands, tecnicks of flow menagement on highways and intersections Definitions between possible solutions and finding optimisations Character of traffic planning and Model split.					
Syllabus	 Character of traffic planning and Modal split Relations between transport offers and demads Transport planning. Modal split. Transport research. Traffic flow. Highway network. Traffic on highways. Capacity (Level of service). Highway demand dimensions. Conflicts of traffic flow. Intersections. Principe of traffic regulations. Intersections design. Strandard traffic signs. Dinamic signs. Traffic lights. Co-ordination of traffic lights; in line; in network. Sign posts and not standard signs. Traffic equipment. Parking. Technology on parking places. Technology of public transportation. Alternative transport. 					
Student obligations	 Acktiv comments and opinions on lectures. Seminar work. Traffic solutions on special places (city zone, part of highway, intersection) or traffic system. Work in groups. Presentation of work. Exam in writeing form. 					
Exam	Exam in writeing form.					
Assessment	1/3 student's acktivity on lectures + 1/3 seminar work, presentaion and retain + 1/3 exam in writeing form.					
Literature	 Essential: Cerovac, V.: Tehnika i sigurnost prometa; Sveučilište u Zagrebu - Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb 2001. Padjen, J.: Prostorno-prometno planiranje, Informator Zagreb Suvremeni promet, Časopis Hrvatskog znanstvenog društva za promet Tehničar - Građevinski priručnik 4 - Poglavlja: 3. Putevi, 4. Saobraćaj u gradovima; Građevinska knjiga, Beograd 1978. Tehničar - Građevinski priručnik 5 - Poglavlja: 1. Putevi, 2.Gradske saobraćajnice; Građevinska knjiga, Beograd 1987. Zakon o sigurnosti prometa na cestama, HAK-Usluge d.o.o., Zagreb 2004. Recommended: Građevni godišnjak '96; Legac., I.: Planerske i prometnotehničk Ceste i mostovi, Časopis Društva za ceste Via Vita Kolenc, J.: Infrastruktura cestnega prometa, Univerza v Ljubljani, Fakulteta za pomorstvo in promet. Portorož 1997. 					

3. Tollazzi, T.: Krožna križišća, Univerza v Mariboru, Maribor 2002.

promet, Portorož 1997.

Course:	se: FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT STRUCTURES						
Course code: P-508	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 15					
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:					
Course objectives	Development of skills for the analysis of pavement structure and pavement design methodology taking into consideration their advantages as well as disadvantages. It is particularly important that students recognize relationship between the pavement design options and subsequent needs of maintenance and pavement management.						
Syllabus	Introduction. Principles of structural pavemnet design: empirical and theoretical approach. Environment (moisture, temperature, wind). Soil freezing under the pavemnet structures. Relation between pavement design options and road management system. Cross section, shoulders and drainage. Traffic and axle loading. Surface course. Pavement foundation. Pavement materials: basic components; unbound materials; aggregates; bitumen; bound materials; hydraulic and bituminous binders; geosynthetics. Design of new pavement structures: data required for designing (traffic, climatic and environmental data, patameters describing the pavement foundation, materials for pavement courses); design and calculation of various types of pavement structures (flexible pavement, composite pavement, inverse pavement, cement-concrete pavement) provided with illustration of a pavement design example); check of pavement structure against the frost action. Pavement rehabilitation. Pavemen surface characteristics.						
Student obligations	Course and exercises attendance. Elaboration and structure calculation. Seminar-work on road m characteristics.	delivery of programmes with the pavement naterials - laboratory testing of materials					
Exam	Written exam. Oral exam. Passing the written exam	is a precondition for taking the oral exam.					
Assessment	10% attendance + 15% seminar + 25% programme	+ 50% exam.					
Literature	 Essential: Babić, B. and Prager, A.: Design of Road Pavement (orig. in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 1997 Sršen, M.: Introduction of Modern Equipment for Assessment of Road Condition – Croatian and International Experiences (orig. in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 1999 Roberts, F.L., Kandhal, P.S., Brown, E.R., Lee, D-Y and Kennedy, T.W.: Hot Mix Asphalt Materials, Mixture Design and Construction (translation into Croatian), HSGI, Zagreb, 1999 Recommended: AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures 1993, Published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, 1986 & 1993, Washington, D.C. USA Croney, D. and Croney, P.: The Design and Performance of Road Pavements, Third Edition, McGraw-Hill, New York, USA, 1998 Atkins, H.N.: Highway Materials, Soils ang Concretes, Third Edition, London, 1997 						

Course:	RIGID PAVEMENT STRUCTURES			
Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 40		
code : P-509	Theory and Technology of Concrete	lectures: 25 exercises: 10 seminars: 5		
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:		
compulsory	lectures exercises -	4		
Course objectives	The course provides students with a broaconstruction and understanding of mechanistic	d overview of rigid-concrete road design and behavior of rigid pavements.		
Syllabus	 Concrete road history Subgrades and subbase materials Types of concrete pavements Traffic loading Stress and strain calculation for traffic and to Concrete pavements for highways Concrete industrial pavements Basics of airport pavements, methods for ca Building of concrete pavements Distresses and maintenance of concrete pare 	alculation		
Student obligations	accepted project work until specified date, o	oral preliminary exam		
Exam	written and oral exam positively marked written exam is a condition	n for the oral exam		
Assessment	20% project work+50% written exam+30% oral	exam		
Literature	 Essential: Babić, B. and Prager, A.: Design of Road Pavement (original in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 1997. Babić, B.: Design of Pavement Structures (original in Croatian), HGDI, Zagreb, 1997. Recommended: Huang, Y. H., Pavement Analysis and Design, Prentice Hall, NewJersey, 1993. Croney, P., Croney, D., The Design of Road Pavements, MacGraw-Hill, 1997. http://www.faa.gov/ AASHTO Guide for Design of Pavement Structures 1993, Published by the American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials, 1986 & 1993, Washington, D.C. USA 			

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Course:	ROADBED DESIGN				
Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60			
code : P-510	Road Design	lectures: 30 exercises: 20 seminars: 10			
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:			
compulsory	lectures exercises seminars	5			
	The student is expected to develop problem solving	a skille in the area of readhed atrustures design			
	and to be able to calculate asociated earthworks,	•			
Course	,	, ,			
objectives					
	Cross sections of roads, railways, airportsCond	crete road history			
	 Preliminary researches (hydrological, geological) 	al, geotechnical researches)			
	 Soil classifications for roads 				
	Drainage issues in road design				
	Frost action				
	Preliminary works in road building process				
Syllabus	Design and building of cuts				
	Design and building of enbankments				
	Technics for reinforcement of low-bearing soils				
	Geotechtiles in road building: design and cons	truction			
	Cut and fill balance, mass haul diagrams				
Student	accepted project work and seminar before the	end of the term or before specified date			
obligations	attendance to the construction site visits				
Obligations					
	written exam, oral exam				
Exam	 positively marked written exam is a condition for 	or the oral exam			
	200/ project work (500/ written avera (200/ and a)				
Assessment	20% project work+50% written exam+30% oral ex	Kam			
	Essential:				
	1. Korlaet, Ž., Uvod u projektiranje i građenje ces	ta, Sveučilište u Zagrebu, Zagreb, 1995.			
	2. Opći tehnički uvjeti za radove na cestama, IGF	l Zagreb, Zagreb, 2001.			
	 Knjiga I : Opće odredbe i pripremni radovi 				
	 Knjiga II : Zemljani radovi, odvodnja, potpo 	orni i obložni zidovi			
Literature	 Knjiga III : Kolnička konstrukcija 				
	B d. d.				
Recommended: 1. Rodrigez, A.Rico, Del Castillo, H., Sowers, G.F.: Soil Mechanics in Highway Engine					
	Trans Tech publications, Clausthal Zellerfeld,				
	Trans room publications, Olaustilai Zellenelu, į	5.0 7 0, 1000.			

Course:	RAILWAY DESIGN					
Course code: P-512	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 45 exercises: 15 seminars: 0				
Course status: optional	: The course consists of: ECTS: lectures exercises -					
Course objectives	With successfully acquired matter, student is expected to have basic knowledge about track bed structure and track substructure; student is qualified to design the same.					
Syllabus	 Railway like a mean of transportation Historic overview of railway and development Classification of railway lines and trains Cross section of railway Track bed structure and track substructure Track construction, rails and sleepers Calculation of stresses; dimensioning of rails, sleepers,ballast and formation level Railway line design Rail route design, null-line alignment, technical elements Railway project elements: situation, longitudinal section, cross sections, technical descriptio Railway maintaining and reconstruction Railway stations Track device: switch, turntable, rail expansion joint 					
Student obligations	accepted project work before specified	date				
Exam	- written exam, oral exam					
Assessment	- 20% project work + 50% written exam	+ 30% oral exam				
Literature	Essential: 1. Marušić, D., Projektiranje i građenje željezničkih pruga, GF Split, Split, 1994 2. Kožar, P., Željeznice (skripta) 3. Pollak, B., Željeznički gornji stroj, FGZ, Zagreb, 1982 Recommended:					

Course: TRAFFIC, SPACE AND ENVIRONMENT
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Course	Pre-requisites:			Hours of Active Classes: 45			
code: P-504				lectures: 30	exercises: 0	seminars: 15	
Course status:	The course c	onsists of:		ECTS:			
optional	lectures	-	seminars			3.0	

Course objectives	To introduce students to the essential aspects of the various and complex influences between transport infrastructure, space, and environmental impacts. Furthermore, students should be able to objectively evaluate the different starting points and arguments in integrated decision-making process on the future spatial units, in accordance with the principles of sustainable development.
Syllabus	Plans, programs, strategic documents regarding traffic, space and environmental impact: features, types, components, development methodology, adoption and implementation. Laws, regulations (conventions), institutions (organizations), public participation and other entities in the drafting and implementation of plans and other important documents: the level of municipalities, regions, countries, international level - especially the European Union. Processing of some important topics related to the mutual impact of traffic, space and the environment: - traffic infrastructure or design of traffic networks in relation to the character and objects of spatial planning - policy instruments of spatial planning, transportation (mobility) and the impact on the environment while respecting the principles of sustainable development - economy, social and other issues. Dealing with specific thematic areas. Review and examples of using evaluation methods in the evaluation of alternatives and plans
Student obligations	The participation of students in all aspects of teaching including the preparation and presentation of a seminar paper.
Exam	The exam is written and oral.
Assessment	70% during semester, 30% final exam.
Literature	 Essential: Reference material made of a lecturer. Documents and other sources and laws (international conventions) regarding transportation planning and related infrastructure, space, and sustainable development and environmental protection:

Course:	TRAFFIC SAFETY			
Course code: P-505	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0		
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:		
Course objectives	Main objectives of this course are: introducing the sense, processing the relevant numerical applic introducing the actual methods of controlling and relevant numerical applications.	cation in analysis the traffic safety on roads,		
Syllabus	Development and tasks of the traffic technique Elements of the traffic safety (correlation man-vehicle-communication) Traffic- technical elements of the street and road network Dynamics of moving the vehicle (numerical application) Capacity of the road communication and nodes Management controlling systems in all the traffic modes Intelligent traffic systems			
Student obligations	project task			
Exam	verbal exam			
Assessment	project task			
Literature	Essential: 1. Božičević, J., Topolnik, D., Infrastruktura cesto: 2. Cerovac, V., Tehnika i sigurnost prometa, Zagr. 3. Cerovac, V., Rotim, J., Mihoci, F., Stanje sigurn sudionika u cestovnom prometu, Suvremeni pr. 4. Čović, M., i dr., Vještaćenje u cestovnom prom. Recommended: 1. Baričević, H., Poletan T., Information Technolo Parameters, Promet-Traffic-Traffico, Vol.14, St. 2. Baričević, H., Tehnologija kopnenog prometa, F. 3. Božičević, J. Ceste I. i II., Zagreb, 1993. 4. Happ, Z., Rotim, J., Mihoci, F., Sigurnosni asper promet, god 16, broj 3-4, 1996. 5. Highway Manual Capacity, Highway Research	reb, 1997. nosti i mjere za smanjivanje ugroženosti romet, god 17, broj 3-4, 1997. netu, Informator, Zagreb, 1987. ogy in the Analysis of Road Transport Safety upplement No.1,101-105., Zagreb, 2002. Pomorski fakultet, Rijeka, 2001. ekti hrvatskog cestovnog prometa, Suvremeni		

Course:	TECHNOLOGY OF TRAFFIC BUILDING				
Course code: P-507	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0			
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS:			
Course objectives	Traffic objects planning in space/city, traffic de dimensions subjects and spaces Definisions of posssible solutions and optimal				
Syllabus	 Traffic aproach to traffic objects Traffic objects: garages, parking buildings, service objects, terminals of public transport Main principe of planning and location elements Traffic and traffic forecast; traffic demands Funcktional aspects Types; possible solutions Traffic objects - Main princips of its design Dimension work and capacities Subjects in traffic equipment Traffic technology and way of use 				
Student obligations	 Acktiv comments and opinions on lectures. Seminar work. Solutions of traffic tehnology on special traffic object. Work in groups. Presentation of work. Exam in writeing form. 				
Exam	Exam in writeing form.				
Assessment	1/3 student's acktivity on lectures + 1/3 semina writeing form.	ar work, presentaion and retain + 1/3 exam in			
Literature	 Essential: Benigar, M.: Prometne zgrade – Prometno-fur projektiranja; Suvremeni promet Časopis HZD Benigar, M., Deluka-Tibljaš, A.: Garažno-park prometni zahtjevi projektiranja; Suvremeni pro (204-210) Tehničar - Građevinski priručnik 4 - Poglavlja: Građevinska knjiga, Beograd 1978. Vučić, R.V.: Javni gradski prevoz - Sistemi i te Recommended: Suvremeni promet, Časopis Hrvatskog znans: Tehničar - Građevinski priručnik 5 - Poglavlja: 	DP, god. 22 (2002) Br. 6 (458-464) cirni objekti – Temeljni principi planiranja i comet, Časopis HZDP, god. 23 (2003) Br.3-4 3. Putevi, 4. Saobraćaj u gradovima; ehnika, Naučna knjiga Beograd 1987. tvenog društva za promet Zagreb			

knjiga Beograd 1987.

Course: TRAFFIC BUILDINGS

Course	Pre-requisites:			Hours of Active Classes: 60			
code: OA-462	-				lectures: 30	exercises: 30	seminars: 0
Course status:	The course	The course consists of:			ECTS:		
optional	lectures	exercises	-				4

Course objectives	Inform students about the methodology of planning and qualify them for reading and possibly elaborating the planning documentation.	
Syllabus	 A city and traffic, historical review of the development, traffic buildings in an urban environment and outside of it. From a regional plan to an executional project. Individual and collective garages, public garage-parking facilities, ramped and mechanized. Petrol stations, typology, function, construction, formation. Service centres, function, construction, formation. Public transportation stations, taxi stations. Bus stations and terminals. Train stations and terminals. Truck terminals. Construction as the basis of formation in planning airport buildings. Waterfront- ferry terminals. 	
Student obligations	 Course attendence Visits to building-sites and theme exhibitions Project work: Based on the general design of a concrete assignment, a segment of a traffic building, part of the general design and executional project should be elaborated. 	
Exam	written exam oral exam	
Assessment	Lecture and exercise attendance and project work 50%Written and oral exam 50%	
Literature	Essential: 1. Neufert, E.: Arhitektonsko projektiranje, IGH Zagreb 2002. 2. Magaš, O.: Skice za predavanja, skripte. 3. Production-programmes for building equipment. 4. Plans and projects of executional solutions. Recommended: 1. A. Gregory, The Golden Age of Travel, London 1991/98. 2. F.A. Cerver, The Architecture of Stations and Terminals, New York 1997. 3. R. Fisher, New Structures, New York, London 1964.	

Course:	MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF ROADS			
Course code: P-511	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 10 seminars: 5		
Course status: optional	The course consists of: lectures exercises seminars	ECTS:		
Course objectives	The main objective of this course is to educate future engineers about the systematic road maintenance and repair, because those activities are of particular importance for comfortable, economical and saftier road transportation. Students will be learned about fundamental facts on technical principles of maintenance, repair and rehabilitation of roads.			
Syllabus	Introduction in maintenance. Assessment of road condition (cracking, evenness, rutting, skid resistance, deflection). Visual-sensitive assessment. Pavement assessment based on technical measurements. Routine and periodic maintenance. Basis for planning of maintenance. Maintenance of asphalt pavement: simplier maintenance measure (emulsion spraying, sprinkling with chippings, repair by asphalt mixtures, ckracking repair, milling, etc.); more complex measures of maintenance and repair (surface treatment, micro-surfacing cold or hot applied, profile repair reshape, repave, remix, asphalt reuse). Maintenance of concrete pavements: simplier maintenance measure (joint and crack sealing, repair of slab edge, repair of surface defects); more complex maintenance measures (slab consolidation, subsequent placement of dowels/anchors, slab replacement). Maintenance of drainage facilities. Pavement rehabilitation (strengthening; reconstruction). Road pavement recycling.			
Student obligations	Course and exercises attendance. Elaboration and delivery of programmes with the pavement structure calculation. Seminar - work on visual-sensitive assessment of road condition as well as application of the distress identification manual.			
Exam	Written exam. Oral exam. Passing the written exam is a precondition for taking the oral exam.			
Assessment	10% attendance + 15% seminar-work + 25% programme + 50% exam.			
	 Essential: Sršen, M.: Road Maintenance (orig. in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 2000 Sršen, M.: Introduction of Modern Equipment for Assessment of Road Condition - Croatian and International Experiences (orig. in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 1999 Babić, B.: Design of Pavement Structures (orig. in Croatian), HGDI, Zagreb, 1997 			
Literature	Recommended: 1. Straube, E. und Beckedahl, H.: Strassenbau ur Auflage, Erich Schmidt Verlag GmbH & Co, Be 2. Babić, B. i Horvat, Z.: Construction and Maintel Zagreb, 1984 3. Schweizer Norm, Beilage, SN 640 925, Schade	rlin, 1997 nance of Pavemnet Structures, University of		

Course:	AIRPORTS			
Course code: P-513 Course status: optional	Pre-requisites: Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 20 exercises: 10 seminars: The course consists of: ECTS:			
Course objectives	The student is expected to develop problem solving skills in the area of projecting airport traffic areas and designing airport pavements.			
Syllabus	 History of landing and aviation Airport system Airport classification and reference code Airport layout plan: components and geometry Signing and lighting of airports Obstacle free zone Traffic loading on airport pavements, Airplane classification Flexible pavement design methods for airports Rigid pavement design methods for airports Maintenance and reconstruction of airports 			
Student obligations	- accepted project work untill specified date, oral preliminary exam			
Exam	written exam, oral exam positively marked written exam is a condition for the oral exam			
Assessment	20% project work+50% written exam+30% oral exam			
Literature	Essential: 1. Pavlin, S., "Airports I" (original in Croatian), Fakultet prometnih znanosti, Zagreb, 2002. 2. Horvat, Z., "Airports I" (original in Croatian), Građevinski institut Zagreb, Zagreb, 1990. 3. http://www.icao.int/ 4. http://www.faa.gov/ Recommended: 1. Babić, B. and Prager, A.: Design of Road Pavement (original in Croatian), Građevni godišnjak, HSGI, Zagreb, 1997. 2. Babić, B.: Design of Pavement Structures (original in Croatian), HGDI, Zagreb, 1997.			

Course:	CONSTRUCTION MACHINERY		
Course code: OA-456	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0	
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:	
optional	lectures exercises -	4	
Course objectives	The objective of this course is acquiring the knowledge required to plann machine work costs and time, as well as to plann machine work.		
Syllabus	 Choice and work planning of construction machines The efficiency of construction machines and the means of transport Costs of machine work in construction Reliability and effectiveness Construction machines in use conditions 		
Student obligations	Course attendenceProject work		
Exam	written seminars		
Assessment	20% project work+50% written exam+30% oral exam	m	
Literature	Essential: 1. www.grad.hr-djelatnici-dr.sci. Zdravko Linarić-Dokumenti raspoloživi za download- — Učinak građevinskih strojeva — Troškovi strojnog rada u građenju — Izbor strojeva i planiranje strojnog rada u građenju Recommended: 1. Žaja, M., Ekonomika proizvodnje, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1991.		

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Course:	SPATIAL PLANNING		
Course code: OA-459	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 40 exercises: 10 seminars: 10	
Course status: optional	The course consists of:	ECTS : 5.0	
Оршона	lectures exercises seminars	3.0	
Course objectives	Enable students to appropriately, from the position of civil problems and related issues and participate in the develo		
Syllabus	Basic concepts, definitions, terminology and the genesis of urban planning, spatial planning and space design. Spatial Plans: characteristics, types, components, methodology of development, adoption and implementation. The laws and regulations and institutions involved in the process of adoption and implemention of plans. The history of cities and urban planning. Geographical, functional and other factors in the development and life of cities and regions. Analysis, planning (protection and restoration) of contents in the area: housing, labor, industry, leisure and free spaces, greenery and parks, transportation and other infrastructure systems, tourism, nature, agriculture and rural areas, cultural and historical heritage, centers etc. Methods and techniques for planning and decision making: theory and implementation. International aspects of space planning, especially in the European Union. Basic social, economic and environmental components of spatial planning. Examples of finished spatial plans, discussion.		
Student obligations	Course attendance, preparation of seminar paper /project work.		
Exam	Written and oral.		
Assessment	20% project work+50% written exam+30% oral exam		
Literature	 Essential: Priručni materijal za kolegij izrađen od nositelja kolegija. Marinović-Uzelac, A.: Prostorno planiranje Zagreb: Dom i svijet, 2001. Milić, B.: Razvoj gradova kroz stoljeća I (1994), II (1994) i III (2002) - Zagreb: Školska knjiga. Marinović-Uzelac, A.: Naselja, gradovi i prostori Zagreb: Tehnička knjiga, 1986. Zakoni i propisi u svezi prostornog planiranja i prostornog uređenja i građenja Zagreb: Narodne novine RH. Recommended: Prinz, D.: Staedtebau Stuttgart: Kohlhammer, 1988. i 1992. Mumford, L.: Grad u historiji Zagreb: Naprijed, 1968. Šćitaroci, MO.: Hrvatska parkovna baština Zagreb: Školska knjiga, 1992. Marinović-Uzelac, A.: Teorija namjene površina u urbanizmu Zagreb: Tehnička knjiga, 1989. Meise, J., Volwahsen, A.: Stadt- und Regionalplanung Vieweg und Sohn, 1980. Marinović-Uzelac, A.: Socijalni prostor grada Zagreb: SN Liber, 1986. Maksimović, B.: Urbanizam Beograd: Naučna knjiga, 1980. Prostorno-planska dokumentacija (općina, grad, županija, makroregija, država, Europska unija). 		

GIS u planiranju komunalne infrastructure

Course:	PUBLIC BUILDINGS AND SPACES		
Course code: OA-460 Course status: compulsory	Pre-requisites: Hours of Active Classes: 60 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 3 The course consists of: lectures exercises -		
Course objectives	Inform students about the methodology of planning and qualify them for reading and possibly elaborating the planning documentation.		
Syllabus	 Arranging pedestrian zones in an urban environment, historical review. From a regional plan to an executional project. Streets and squares, business and trade pedestrian zones, shop-windows, terraces, eaves. Traffic solutions. Parking areas and public garages. Public transportation stations. Traffic buildings, bus and train stations, terminals. Markets, trade-centres, public toilets. Green areas and recreational zones, playgrounds, walks and parks. Sports grounds and halls. Petrol stations in an urban environment and outside of it, info-centres. Sound insulation of street noise and traffic corridors. Arranging public zones outside of an urban environment, roads, bridges, tunnels and their ancillary facilities. 		
Student obligations	 Course attendence. Visits to building-sites and theme exhibitions. Project work: Based on the general design of a concrete assignment, a part of the general design and executional project for a public zone renovation should be elaborated. 		
Exam	written exam oral exam		
Assessment	Lecture and exercise attendance and project work 50%Written and oral exam 50%		
Literature	Essential: 1. E. Neufert: Arhitektonsko projektiranje, IGH Zagreb 2002. 2. O. Magaš: Skice za predavanja, skripte. 3. Production-programmes for building equipment. 4. Plans and projects of executional solutions. Recommended: 1. S. Kostof: The City Shaped, Thames and Hudson, 1991. 2. S. Kostof: The City Assembled, Thames and Hudson, 1992. 3. Gosling&Maitland: Concepts of Urban Design, Academy editions, London1984.		

Course:	URBAN WATER SYSTEMS

Course	Pre-requisites:			Hours of A	ctive Classes:	60
code: H-254				lectures: 30	exercises: 15	seminars: 15
Course status:	The course consists of:			ECTS:		
compulsory	lectures	exercises	seminars			6

Course objectives	 Introducing students to the urban water management problematic. Developing students' methodological approach to analysing quantities and qualities of water in urban areas in the context of satisfying all water demands. Develop students' skills in solving problems in urban systems planning and management.
Syllabus	 Dynamics of the hydrologic cycle in urban areas. Water demands - categorisation of demands by quantities and quality standards. External and rain water - high water problems and solving strategies. Structural and nonstructural protection solutions. Revitalisation of waterways in urban areas. Aquatic systems as urban recreation attraction. Ground waters in urban areas and construction problems related to them. Methods of evaluation of recipient's capacity for wastewater disposal. Water quality modelling. Sea as a part of urban area and recipient for wastewater disposal. Municipal infrastructure water systems - water supply systems, drainage and sewage systems. Functional analysis and organisation. Waste water treatment methods for water reusing. Coastal and underwater structures. Ports, marines, coastal communications. Urban waters and spatial planning. Legislative regulations.
Student obligations	Course attendance in accordance to University/Faculty regulations.Writing and presenting a paper.
Exam	Positively marked written exam is a condition for the oral exam.
Assessment	Writing and presenting paper 30%, exam 70%.
Literature	 Essential: Margeta, J.: Osnove gospodarenja vodama. GF Split, 1992. Maksimović, Č.; Tejada-Guibert, J.A (editors): Frontiers in Urban Water Management. IWA Publishing. London, 2001. Tedeschi, S.: Zaštita voda. HDGI, Zagreb, 1997. Bonacci, O.: Ekohidrologija vodnih resursa i otvorenih vodotoka, GA Split i IGI, Zagreb, 2003. Margeta, J.; Azzopardi, E.; lacovides, I.: Smjernice za integračni pristup razvoju, gospodarenju i korištenju vodnih resursa, PPA, Split, 1999. Linsley, R.K.; Franzini, J.B.; Freyberg, D.L.: Water Resources Engineering, 4/e, McGraw-Hill Book Comp.Inc., New York, 1992. Recommended: Mays, L.W.(ed.): Water Resources Handbook. McGraw-Hill, New York, 1996. Juanico, M.; Dor, I. (editors): Hypertrophic Reservoirs for Wastewater Storage and Reuse - Ecology, Performance and Engineering Design, 1999. Jörgensen, S. E.: Fundamentals of Ecological Modelling, Elsevier, Amsterdam, 1988. PAP: Planning and designing of Urban Waste water Treatment Projects in Mediteranean Coastal Towns, Split, 1992. Biswas, A.K.: Water Resources: Environmental Planning, Management and Development, McGraw-Hill Book Comp.Inc., New York, 1997.

Course:	CIVIL ENGINEERING REGULATIONS		
Course code: OA-458	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 30 lectures: 30 exercises: 0 seminars: 0	
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:	
optional	lectures	4	
Course objectives	The aim of the course is to provide the students, future legal notions, categories, institutes and law relations	•	
Syllabus	Introduction to law: notions, categories, institutes engineering. Commercial companies in the industrial construction. Relationship with the State. Procedure Court procedures.	stry of construction materials, projects and	
	Seminar paper, preliminary exam, exam		
Student obligations	Ochimal paper, premimary exam, exam		
Exam	written, oral		
Assessment	during the lectures and on the exam		
	Essential: 1. UČUR, Marinko. Građevinska regulativa, Građev o gradnji.	rinski fakultet, Rijeka, 2004; Ustav RH, Zakon	
Literature	Recommended: 1. Zakon o obveznim odnosima; Zakon o vlasništv Zakon o zaštiti na radu; Pravilnici po Zakonu o gr		

Course:	BUILDING MAINTENANCE
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Course	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45
code: OA-461	·	lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0
Course status:	The course consists of:	ECTS:
optional	lectures exercises -	4

	Acquiring knowledge required to manage building maintenance.				
Course objectives					
Syllabus	 Introduction to building maintenance Maintenance management regulations Regular maintenance, reconstructions and repairs Life cycle costs and classification of maintenance costs Construction process and Construction maintenance Construction maintenance management Maintenance management project Planning and organization of maintenance works Maintenance of listed buildings Models for setting priorities in building maintenance IT support for decision making in setting priorities in building maintenance 				
Student obligations	accepted project work before exam				
Exam	preliminary exam at the end of the term + oral exam or written exam and oral exam				
Assessment	preliminary exam at the end of the term + oral exam or written exam and oral exam				
Literature	Essential: 1. internal course materials 2. Lee, R., Building Maintance Management, Blackwell Science Ltd, Oxford, 1987. Recommended: 1. B., Swallow, P., Building Maintance Management 2. Mills, E., Building Maintenance & preservation, Architectural Press, Oxford, 1996.				

Course: MANAGEMENT IN CIVIL ENGINEERING

Course	Pre-requisites:			Hours of Active Classes: 45		
code: OA-457				lectures: 30	exercises: 0	seminars: 15
Course status:	The course of	onsists of:		ECTS:		
compulsory	lectures	-	seminars			3.0

Course objectives	The main objective of course is acquiring basic knowledge of civil engineering companies business.					
Syllabus	1) Company concept, types and objects 2) Investment characteristics and elements 3) Building companies reproduction process results 4) Production capacity economy. Costs. 5) General management thesis 6) Management role and significance in building companies business 7) Company business policy forming 8) Basis of market business. Law of supply and demand 9) Products planning and developing 10) Prices policy 11) Elasticity in consumption 12) Business decision making. Methods of decision making 13) Business communication and control system					
Student obligations	Attendance to the course according to the Faculty regulations Activity in class.					
Exam	Written and oral exam.					
Assessment	Preliminary exams, seminars (70%), written exam (30%).					
Literature	Essential: 1. Katavić, M., Hamarić, S., Poslovna politika, Sveučilište u Zagrebu, Građevinski institut, Zagreb, 1989 2. Žaja, M., Ekonomika proizvodnje, Školska knjiga, Zagreb, 1992. 3. Zekić, Z.: Menadžment – poduzetnička tehnologija, Ekonomski fakultet, Rijeka, 2007. 4. Senge, P.M.: Peta disciplina, Mozaik knjiga, Zagreb, 2001. 5. Skoko, H.: Upravljanje kvalitetom, Sinergija d.o.o., Zagreb, 2000. Recommended: 1. Bidgoli, H.: Modern Information Systems for Managers, Academic Press, San Diego, 1997. 2. De George R. T.: Business Ethics, Prentice Hall, New Yersey, 1999. 3. Harry, M., Schroeder, R.: Six Sigma, Doubleday, New York, 2000. 4. Hill, C.W.L.: International Business, McGraw-Hill, New York, 2003. 5. Miles, R.E., Theories of Management, McGraw - Hill, 1975. 6. Wagner, H.M., Principles of Management Science, Eaglewood Cliffs, N.J., Prentice-Hall, 1975. 7. Stacey, R.D.: Strateški menedžment i organizacijska dinamika, Mate, Zagreb, 1997.					

Course:	INVESTMENT POLICY	
Course code: OA-455	Pre-requisites:	Hours of Active Classes: 45 lectures: 30 exercises: 15 seminars: 0
Course status: compulsory	The course consists of: lectures exercises -	ECTS : 5.0

Course objectives	The objective of this course is to acquire basic knowledge from the area of company investment policy.		
Syllabus	Company investment policy Investment program, factors and analysis of conditions Investment decision Financing sources Investment dynamics Cost analysis Calculations in market business. Relation between calculation and risk in the processes of construction. Cost planning. Cost control. Investment efficiency. Investment project evaluation. Cost-benefit analysis.		
Student obligations	Attendance at the course according to the Faculty regulations Active participation in lectures and exercises Producing an autonomous work as a pre-requisite for taking the exam		
Exam	Written and oral exam.		
Assessment	Preliminary exams, course attendance (70%), written exam (30%).		
Literature	Essential: 1. Žaja, M., Investicijska politika I, Fakultet građevinskih znanosti, Zagreb, 1991. 2. Bendeković, J., Planiranje investicijskih projekata, knjiga I-IV, Ekonomski institut, Zagreb, 1993. 3. Lončarić, R., Organizacija izvedbe graditeljskih projekata, HGDI, Zagreb, 1995. Recommended: 1. Skendrović, V., Izvođenje investicijskih radova u inozemstvu, Građevinski institut, Zagreb, 1983. 2. Francis, J.C., Investment, Analysis and Management, McGraw-Hill Inetrnational Editions, New York, , 1987.		

Course:	FINAL YEAR PROJECT				
Course code: DIPL	Pre-requisites: The exam can be undertaken only after all other course exams have been passed	Hours of Active C	Classes: ercises:	seminars:	
Course status: mandatory	The course consists of:	ECTS:		30.0	
Course objectives	A successfully passed final thesis exam is proof that the student has been taught throughout the studies to independently analyze, research, solve and present a solution of a complex civil engineering problem. The student is capable of producing the final thesis by respecting the positive technical regulations and scientific knowledge in a specific civil engineering field.				
Syllabus	The student writes the graduation thesis during the planned 120 hours of active teaching at the Faculty and a total effort of maximum 30 ECTS credits. The graduate thesis can be both a practical and a theoretical topic related by its contents to civil engineering and to the offered courses. The student chooses the graduation thesis topic and the committee for awarding the graduation thesis gives consent during the III. semester or at the latest by the beginning of the IV. semester of the academic year in question. A part of the graduation thesis can be carried out as a field work - practical teaching (a total of up to 15 ECTS credits). The graduation thesis can be based on: • creating a civil engineering structure or construction computer model • numerical modeling of materials and processes in materials • an analysis of a more complex mechanical problem which requires additional theoretical processing and presentation of an analytical or a numerical solution procedure • static and dynamic analysis (calculation) of concrete, metal and wooden structures • creating studies related to water management • an analysis of geotechnical structure project solutions • a project and project analysis related to urban areas (transportation projects, spatial and spatial planning studies, water management structures in urban areas) • other topics related to design, analysis and construction of more complex civil engineering structures and systems. When writing the graduation thesis the student actively cooperates with his teacher-mentor who, as a rule, is the holder of the course whose contents are related to the selected topic. A teacher-co-mentor can also participate in advising the student in writing the graduation thesis if required				
Student obligations	The student must submit the written graduation thesis (in the draft version) to the teacher-mentor as a prerequisite for obtaining the second signature. The student must submit the final thesis (in the final written version) to the teacher and the student administration office (2 copies) 7 (seven) work days prior to the approximate thesis presentation date.				
Exam	The exam is conducted in the oral form, as a public thesis presentation. The oral exam is assessed by the committee of at least three members-teachers, one of who is the mentor. If required, the committee can ask the candidate questions related to the graduation thesis.				
Assessment	75% graduation thesis + 25% presentation				
Literature	Essential: Depending on the subject Recommended: Depending on the subject				

3.2.2. Explanation of ETCS credits

The number of hours of active classes for all the proposed courses has been calculated on the basis of the assumed average duration of one term of 15 (fifteen) weeks (the average duration of the academic year is 30 weeks). The programme includes three regular examination periods of 4 (four) weeks each.

The proposed duration of the academic year is a total of 42 working weeks: 2x15 weeks of classes and 3x4 weeks of examination periods.

During the academic year the student gains a minimum of 60 ECTS credits for all the proposed programmes.

In view of the above mentioned, the calculation of the number of hours that make one ECTS credit would be: 1 ECTS = 42 (weeks) X 40 (working hours per week) / 60 ECTS = 1.680 hours / 60 ECTS = 28 hours.

1 ECTS CREDIT is equivalent to 28 hours of the student's study load

The number of ECTS credits allocated to the particular courses has been calculated on the basis of the complexity of the course teaching material (syllabus) and the general and cpecific obligations the student has to fulfill in connection with the course:

- the general obligations include an estimate of: the time needed to attend classes, tutorials, prepare exams, take exams, as well as of the quantity of literature he uses to prepare the exam.
- specific obligations include an estimate of the time needed for: preliminary exams, project work, seminar work, laboratory practice, fieldwork, visiting construction sites etc.

The course load coefficient is determined in proportion to the course share in the workload of the particular term so that the student gains 30 ECTS credits per term.

3.2.3. Quality assurance procedures and course (module) performance indicators

The performance of all the courses will be continuously monitored by different procedures of evaluation and selfevaluation of teachers and students.

The evaluation of the teachers and teaching activities will be carried out by the course lecturers (teachers) and will be organized by the Faculty body responsible for monitoring and identifying actions needed for the improvement of quality of the programme.

Different procedures and methods for monitoring and evaluating the quality of the teaching activities and the course performance will be used:

- conducting research and opinion polls among students on all the aspects of teaching:
 - o regular course delivery and organization of the teaching process
 - literature
 - methods for improvement of teaching
 - exams
 - o syllabus and methodology of delivery
 - o student / teacher relations and collaboration
 - work load ETCS CREDITS
- publishing the results of research and opinion polls
- analysing the exam results (pass rate, transparency, objectivity and the like).

The quality of the teaching performance of the particular courses will be evaluated twice during the term: for the first time 3-4 weeks after the beginning of the classes and for the second time during the last week the classes are taken. The results of the first evaluation may improve the teaching activities in the current term.

All research and questionnaires will be conducted on forms prepared in advance, in which the teachers will be able to adapt the questions to the course curriculum, methodology and other specific demands that the course has to meet.

The course lecturer will, independently and/or in coordination with the responsible persons at the Faculty, work out the plan of measure